

#### Silicon General Purpose x5 NPN Transistor array in PDIP-14

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#### Description

The SiS3046N consists of five general purpose silicon NPN transistors on a common monolithic substrate. Two of the transistors are internally connected to form a differentially-connected pair. The transistors are well suited to a wide variety of applications in low power systems in the DC through VHF range. They may be used as discrete transistors in conventional circuits however; in addition, they provide the very significant inherent integrated circuit advantages of close electrical and thermal matching. The SiS3046N is a direct electrical & mechanical replacement for the obsolete National Semiconductor LM3046N.

#### Features:

- Two matched transistors:
  - V<sub>BE</sub> Match ±5mA
  - I<sub>IO</sub> Match 2µA (Max).
- Low Noise Figure 3.2dB (Typ) at 1kHz
- Operation From DC to 120MHz
- Wide Operating Current Range
- Full Military Temperature Range.

#### **Ordering Information**

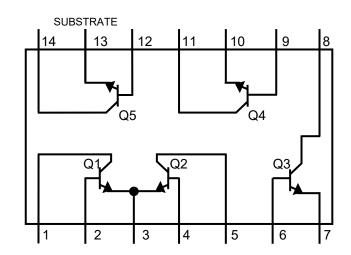
The following part suffixes apply:

SiS3046N - 14 Lead Plastic Dual-In-Line - RoHS compliant

#### Applications:

- Three Isolated Transistors and One Differentially Connected Transistor Pair for Low Power Applications at Frequencies from DC Through the VHF Range
- Custom Designed Differential Amplifiers
- Temperature Compensated Amplifiers.

#### Schematic & Connection Diagram



#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT
Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	V <sub>CEO</sub>	15	V
Collector-to-Base Voltage	V <sub>CBO</sub>	20	V
Collector-to-Substrate Voltage (Note 1)	V <sub>CIO</sub>	20	V
Emitter-to-Base Voltage	$V_{EBO}$	5	V
Collector Current	Ic	50	mA
Maximum Power Dissipation (Any one transistor)	P <sub>D</sub>	300	mW
Operating Temperature Range	-	-55 to 125	°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	T <sub>J</sub>	175	°C





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### DC Electrical Characteristics T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise stated

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS		
Collector to Base Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)CBO</sub>	$I_{C} = 10\mu A, I_{E} = 0$		20	60	-	V		
Collector to Emitter Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)CEO</sub>	$I_{\rm C} = 1 {\rm mA}, I_{\rm B} = 0$		15	24	-	V		
Collector-to-Substrate Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)CIO</sub>	I <sub>C</sub> = 10	μΑ, I <sub>CI</sub> = 0	20	60	-	V		
Emitter to Base Breakdown Voltage	V <sub>(BR)EBO</sub>	I <sub>E</sub> = 10	)μΑ, I <sub>C</sub> = 0	5	7	-	V		
Collector Cutoff Current	I <sub>CBO</sub>	$V_{CB} = 1$	0V, I <sub>E</sub> = 0	-	0.002	40	nA		
Collector Cutoff Current (Figure 2)	I <sub>CEO</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 1	0V, I <sub>B</sub> = 0	-	FIG 2	0.5	μA		
Forward Current Transfer Ratio			$I_C = 10mA$	-	100	-	-		
(Static Beta) (Note 3) (Figure 3)	h <sub>FE</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> =3V	$I_C = 1mA$	40	100	-	-		
			$I_C = 10\mu A$	-	54	-	-		
Input Offset Current for Matched Pair Q1 and Q2. (Note 2) (Figure 4)	I <sub>IO1</sub> - I <sub>IO2</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 3\	/, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA	-	0.3	2	μA		
Base-to-Emitter Voltage (Note 2)	V <sub>BE</sub>	V <sub>BE</sub> V <sub>CE</sub> = 3V	$I_E = 1mA$	-	0.715	-	- V		
(Figure 5)	V BE	V BE	V BE	V <sub>CE</sub> - 3V	I <sub>E</sub> =10mA	-	0.800	-	V
Magnitude of Input Offset Voltage for Differential Pair (Note 2) (Figures 5, 7)	V <sub>BE1</sub> - V <sub>BE2</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 3\	/, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA	-	0.45	5	mV		
Magnitude of Input Offset Voltage for Isolated Transistors. (Note 2) (Figures 5, 7)	V <sub>BE3</sub> - V <sub>BE4</sub>    V <sub>BE4</sub> - V <sub>BE5</sub>    V <sub>BE5</sub> - V <sub>BE3</sub>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 3V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA		-	0.45	5	mV		
Temperature Coefficient of Base-to- Emitter Voltage (Figure 6)	$\frac{\Delta V_{BE}}{\Delta T}$	V <sub>CE</sub> = 3V, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA		-	-1.9	-	mV/°C		
Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	V <sub>CES</sub>	$I_B = 1 \text{mA}$	, I <sub>C</sub> = 10mA	-	0.23	-	V		
Temperature Coefficient: Magnitude of Input Offset Voltage (Figure 7)	ΔV <sub>IO</sub>   - <del>ΔT</del>	V <sub>CE</sub> = 3\	/, I <sub>C</sub> = 1mA	-	1.1	-	μV/°C		

### Dynamic Electrical Characteristics T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise stated

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Low Frequency Noise Figure (Figure 9)	NF	$f$ = 1 kHz, $V_{CE}$ = 3V $I_{C}$ = 100μA, Source Resistance = 1k $\Omega$	-	3.25	-	dB	
Low Frequency, Small Signal Equivalent Circuit Characteristics							
Forward Current Transfer Ratio (Figure 11)	h <sub>FE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	110	-	-	
Short Circuit Input Impedance (Figure 11)	h <sub>IE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	3.5	-	kΩ	
Open Circuit Output Impedance (Figure 11)	h <sub>OE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	15.6	-	µmho	
Open Circuit Reverse Voltage Transfer Ratio (Figure 11)	h <sub>RE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	1.8 x 10 <sup>-4</sup>	-	-	





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### Dynamic Electrical Characteristics continued T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise stated

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Admittance Characteristics							
Forward Transfer Admittance (Figure 12)	Y <sub>FE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	31 - j1.5	-	-	
Input Admittance (Figure 13)	Y <sub>IE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	0.3 + j0.04	-	-	
Output Admittance (Figure 14)	Y <sub>OE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	0.001+j0.03	-	-	
Reverse Transfer Admittance (Figure 15)	Y <sub>RE</sub>	f = 1  kHz $V_{CE} = 3V, I_C = 1\text{mA}$	-	Fig 14	-	-	
Gain Bandwidth Product (Figure 16)	f <sub>T</sub>	$V_{CE}$ = 3V, $I_{C}$ = 1mA	300	550	-	MHz	
Emitter-to-Base Capacitance	C <sub>EB</sub>	$V_{EB} = 3V, I_{E} = 0$	-	0.6	-	pF	
Collector-to-Base Capacitance	C <sub>CB</sub>	$V_{CB} = 3V, I_{C} = 0$	-	0.58	-	pF	
Collector-to-Substrate Capacitance	C <sub>CI</sub>	$V_{CS} = 3V, I_{C} = 0$	-	2.8	-	pF	

Notes: **1.** Each transistor collector is isolated from the substrate by an integral diode. The substrate (Pin 13) must be connected to the most negative point in the external circuit to maintain isolation between transistors & normal transistor action. **2.** Actual forcing current is via the emitter for this test.

### Typical Performance Characteristics

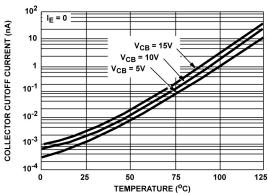
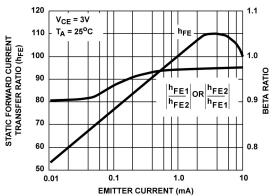


FIGURE 1. Base-To-Collector Current vs Temperature



**FIGURE 3.** Static Forward Current Transfer Ratio & Beta Ratio for Q<sub>1</sub> and Q<sub>2</sub> vs Emitter Current

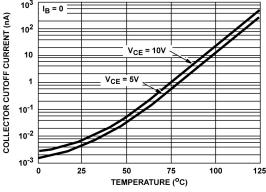
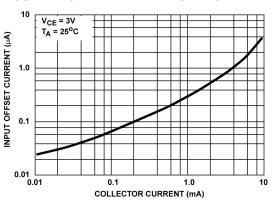


FIGURE 2. Collector-To-Emitter Cutoff Current vs Temperature



**FIGURE 4.** Input Offset Current for matched transistor pair Q<sub>1</sub>Q<sub>2</sub> vs Collector Current





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#### Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

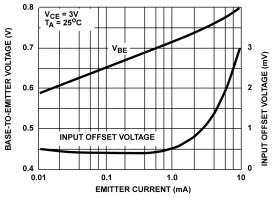


FIGURE 5. Static Base-to-Emitter Voltage characteristics and Input Offset Voltage for differential pair and paired isolated transistors vs Emitter Current

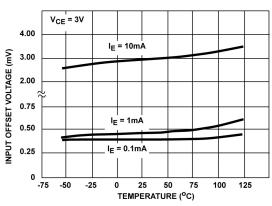


FIGURE 7. Input Offset Voltage characteristics for differential pair and paired isolated transistors vs Temperature

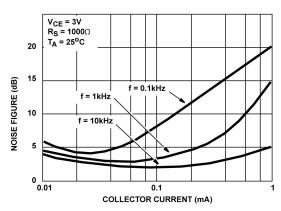
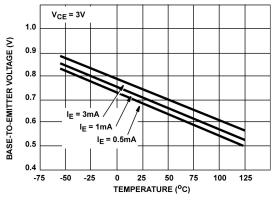


FIGURE 9. Noise Figure vs Collector Current



**FIGURE 6.** Base-to-Emitter Voltage characteristic vs Temperature for each transistor.

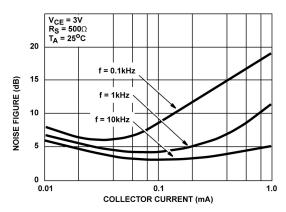


FIGURE 8. Noise Figure vs Collector Current

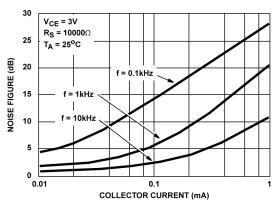


FIGURE 10. Noise Figure vs Collector Current





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#### Typical Performance Characteristics (Continued)

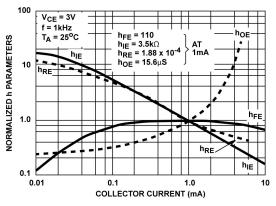


FIGURE 11. Normalized Forward Current Transfer ratio, Short Circuit Input Impedance, Open Circuit Output Impedance, And Open Circuit Reverse Voltage Transfer Ratio vs Collector Current

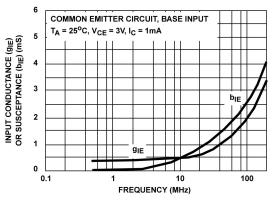


FIGURE 13. Input Admittance vs Frequency

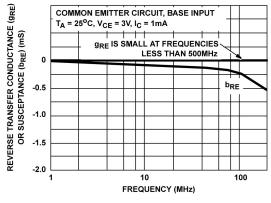
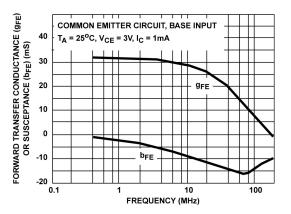


FIGURE 15. Typical Reverse Transfer
Admittance vs Frequency



**FIGURE 12.** Forward Transfer Admittance vs Frequency

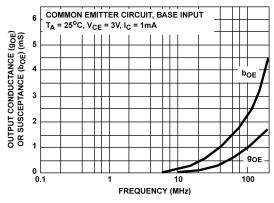


FIGURE 14. Output Admittance vs Frequency

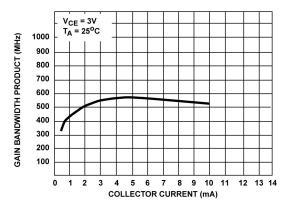


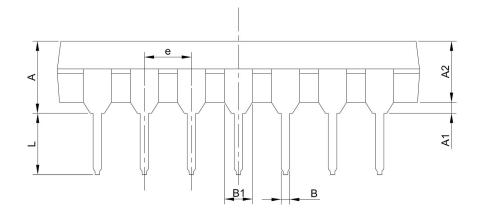
FIGURE 16. Typical Gain Bandwidth Product vs Collector Current

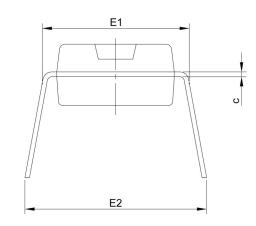


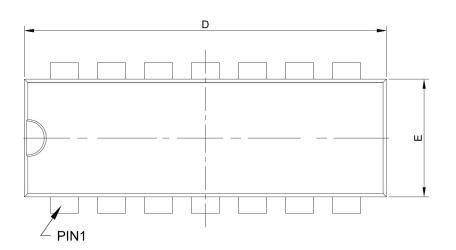


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### 14 Lead Plastic DIP - Package Dimensions and Footprint







PKG. DIMENSIONS(MM)						
SYMBOL	Min	Max				
Α	3.71	4.31				
A1	0.51					
A2	3.20	3.60				
В	0.38	0.57				
B1	1.52 BSC					
С	0.20	0.36				
D	18.80	19.20				
E	6.20	6.60				
E1	7.32	7.92				
е	2.54 BSC					
L	3.00	3.60				
E2	8.40	9.00				

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