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IGBT Chips

	V_{CES}	I_c
G-Series, Low $V_{CE(sat)}$ B2 Types	600 ... 1200 V	7 ... 20 A
G-Series, Fast C2 Types	600 V	7 ... 20 A
S-Series, SCSSOA Capability, Fast Types	600 V	10 ... 20 A
E-Series, Improved NPT ³ technology	1200 ... 1700 V	20 ... 150 A

MOSFET Chips

	V_{DSS}	$R_{DS(on)}$
HiPerFET TM Power MOSFET	70 ... 1200 V	0.005 ... 4.5 Ω
PolarHT/HV TM Power MOSFET	55 ... 600 V	0.015 ... 0.135 Ω
PolarHT/HV TM HiPerFET Power MOSFET	100 ... 600 V	0.0075 ... 0.74 Ω
N-Channel Depletion Mode MOSFET	500 ... 1000 V	30 ... 110 Ω
P-Channel Power MOSFET	-100 ... -600 V	0.06 ... 1.2 Ω
Chip outlines		16-23

Bipolar Chips

	V_{RRM} / V_{DRM}	$I_{F(AV)M} / I_{T(AV)M}$
Rectifier Diodes		
FREDS		
Low Leakage FREDS		
SONIC-FRD TM Diodes		
GaAs Schottky Diodes		
Schottky Diodes		
Phase Control Thyristors		
Fast Rectifier Diodes		
	800 ... 2200 V	12 ... 788 A
	200 ... 1200 V	8 ... 244 A
	200 ... 1200 V	9 ... 148 A
	600 ... 1800 V	12 ... 150 A
	100 ... 300 V	3.5 ... 25 A
	8 ... 200 V	28 ... 145 A
	800 ... 2200 V	15 ... 540 A
	1600 ... 1800 V	10 ... 26 A

Direct Copper Bonded (DCB) Ceramic Substrates

What is DCB?	42
DCB Specification	43

Symbols and Definitions

C_{iss}	Input capacitance of IGBT
$C_{iss} \cdot d/dt$	Input capacitance of MOSFET
I_c	Rate of decrease of forward current
I_b	DC collector current
I_F	Forward current of diode
I_{FAVM}	Maximum average forward current at specified T_h
I_{FSM}	Peak one cycle surge forward current
I_{GT}	Gate trigger current
I_R	Reverse current
I_{RM}	Maximum peak recovery current
I_T	Forward current of thyristor
I_{TAVM}	Maximum average on-state current of a thyristor at specified T_h
I_{SM}	Maximum surge current of a thyristor
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static drain-source on-state resistance
R_{thjc}	Thermal resistance junction to case
r_T	Slope resistance of a thyristor or diode (for power loss calculations)
T_{case}	Case temperature
T_h	Heatsink temperature
t_f	Current fall time with inductive load
$T_j^{(v)}, T_{(v)jm}$	Junction temperature
t_{rr}	Maximum junction temperature
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Reverse recovery time of a diode
V_{CES}	Collector-emitter saturation voltage
V_{DRM}	Maximum collector-emitter voltage
V_{DSS}	Maximum repetitive forward blocking voltage of thyristor
V_F	Forward voltage of diode
V_R	Reverse voltage
V_{RRM}	Maximum peak reverse voltage of thyristor or diode
V_T	On-state voltage of thyristor
V_{TO}	Threshold voltage of thyristors or diodes (for power loss calculation only)



Registration No.:
ISO 9001:
001947 TS2

Registration No.:
ISO 14001:
001947 UM

Registration No.:
OHSAS 18001:
001947 OH

Nomenclature

X	E F G S T D	Die technology
XSD 40N60A	N P Q2 L	IXYS
X	A B C	MOSFET
	--	Prime $R_{DS(on)}$ for standard MOSFET
	A	Low gate charge die
	B	Low gate charge die, 2 nd generation
	C	PolarHT/HV Power MOSFET
	D	Linear Mode MOSFET
	E	IGBT
	F	No letter, low $V_{CE(sat)}$
	G	Or A2, std speed type
	S	Or B2, high speed type
	T	Or C2, very high speed type
C-DWEP 69-12	(Diode Example)	Diode and Thyristor Chips
C	W EP	Package type
D	W EP	Chip function
		D = Silicon rectifier diode
		Unassembled chip
		Process designator
		EP = Epitaxial rectifier diode
		N = Rectifier diode, cathode on top
		P = Rectifier diode, anode on top
		FN = Fast Rectifier diode, cathode on top
		FP = Fast Rectifier diode, anode on top
69	-12	Current rating value of one chip in A
W-CWP 55-12/18	(Thyristor Example)	Voltage class, 12 = 1200 V
W	C W P	Package type
	C	Chip function
	W	C = Silicon phase control thyristor
	P	Unassembled chip
		Process designator
		P = Planar passivated chip
55		cathode on top
12/18		Current rating value of one chip in A
		Voltage class, 12/18 = 1200 up to 1800 V

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General Informations for Chips

When mounting Power Semiconductor chips to a header, ceramic substrate or hybrid thick film circuit, the solder system and the chip attach process are very important to the reliability and performance of the final product. This brochure provides several guidelines that describe recommended chip attachment procedures. These methods have been used successfully for many years at IXYS.

Available Packaging Options

IXYS offers various options.

Please order from one of the following possibilities:

Packaging Options	Delivery form	
C-... *	Chips in tray (Waffle Pack);	Electrically tested
T-... *	Chips in wafer, unsawed;	Bipolar = 5" (125 mmØ) wafer; or 6" (150 mmØ) Electrically tested, rejects are inked
W-... *	Chips in wafer on foil, sawed;	Bipolar = 5" (125 mmØ) wafer; or 6" (150 mmØ) Electrically tested, rejects are inked

... * must be amended by the exact chip type designation.

Package, Storage and Handling

Chips should be transported in their original containers. All chip transfer to other containers or for assembly should be done only with rubber-tipped vacuum pencils. Contact with human skin (or with a tool that has been touched by hand) leaves an oily residue that may adversely impact subsequent chip attach or reliability.

At temperatures below 104°F (40°C), there is no limitation on storage time for chips in sealed original packages. Chips removed from original packages should be assembled immediately. The wetting ability of the contact metallization with solder can be preserved by storage in a clean and dry nitrogen atmosphere.

The IGBT and MOSFET Chips are electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive. Normal ESD precautions for handling must be observed. Prior to chip attach, all testing and handling of the chips must be done at ESD safe work stations according to DIN IEC 47(CO) 701. Ionized air blowers are recommended for added ESD protection.

Contamination of the chips degrades the assembly results. Finger prints, dust or oily deposits on the surface of the chips have to be absolutely avoided. Rough mechanical treatment can cause damage to the chip.

Electrical Tests

The electrical properties listed in the data sheet presume correctly assembled chips. Testing of **non-assembled** chips requires the following precautions:

- High currents have to be supplied homogeneously to the whole metalized contact area.
- Kelvin probes must be used to test voltages at high currents
- Applying the full specified blocking or reverse voltage may cause arcing across the glass passivated junction termination, because the electrical field on top of the passivation glass causes ionization of the surrounding air. This phenomenon can be avoided by using inert fluids or by increasing the pressure of the gas surrounding the chip to values above 30 psig (2 bars).

General Rules for Assembly

The linear thermal expansion coefficient of silicon is very small compared to usual contact metals. If a large area metalized silicon chip is directly soldered to a metal like copper, enormous shear stress is caused by temperature changes (e.g. when cooling down from the solder temperature or by heating during working conditions) which can disrupt the solder mountdowm.

If it is found that larger chips are cracking during mountdowm or in the application, then the use of a low thermal expansion coefficient buffer layer, e.g. tungsten, molybdenum or Trimetal®, for strain relief should be considered. An alternative solution is to soft-solder these larger chips to DCB ceramic substrates because of their matching thermal expansion coefficients.

Assembly Instructions

MOS/IGBT Chips

Recommended Solder System

IXYS recommends a soft solder chip attach using a solder composition of 92.5% Pb, 5% Sn and 2.5% Ag. The maximum chip attach temperature is 460°C for MOSFET and 360°C for HiPerFET™ and IGBT.

Wire Bonding

It is recommended to use wire of diameter not greater than 0.38 mm (0.015") for bonding to the source-emitter and gate pads. Multiple wires should be used in place of thicker wire to handle high drain or emitter currents. See tables for number of recommended wire bonds. For smaller gate pads, 0.15 mm diameter wire is recommended.

Thermal Response Testing

To assure good chip attach processing, thermal response testing per MIL-STD 750, Method 3161 or equivalent should be performed.

Bipolar Chips

Assembling

IXYS bipolar semiconductor chips have a soft-solderable, multi-layer metallization (Ti/Ni/Ag) on the bottom side and, on top, either the same metallization scheme or an aluminum layer sufficiently thick for ultrasonic bonding. Note that the last layer of metal for soldering is pure silver.

Regardless of their type all chips possess the same glass passivated junction termination system on top of the chip. For that reason they can be easily chip bonded or they can all be simply soldered to a flat contacting electrode in accordance to the General Rules on Page 3. All kinds of the usual soft solders with melting points below 660°F (350°C) can be used thanks to their pure silver top metal. Solders with high melting points are preferable due to their better power cycling capability, i.e. they are more resistant to thermal fatigue.

Soldering temperature should not exceed 750°F (400°C). The maximum temperature should not be applied for more than five minutes.

As already mentioned above the electrical properties quoted in the data sheets can only be obtained with properly assembled chips. This is only possible when all contact materials to be soldered together are well wetted and the solder is practically free of voids.

Hydrogen in Nitrogen.

Other approved methods are also allowed, provided that the above mentioned temperature-time-limits are not exceeded and temperature shocks above 930°F/min (500 K/min) are avoided.

We do not recommend the use of fluxes for soldering!

Ultrasonic Wire Bonding

Chips provided with a thick aluminum layer are designed for ultrasonic wire bonding. Wire diameters up to 500 µm can be used dependent on chip types. Setting wires in parallel and application of stitch bonding lead to surge current ratings comparable to soldered chips.

Coating

Although the chips are glass passivated, they must be protected against arcing and environmental influences. The coating material that is in contact with the chip surface must have the following properties:

- elasticity (to prevent mechanical stress)
- high purity, no contamination with alkali metals
- good adhesion to metals and glass passivation.

FRED, Rectifier Diode and Thyristor Chips in Planar Design

Fast Recovery Epitaxial Diodes (FRED)

Power switches (IGBT, MOSFET, BJT, GTO) for applications in electronics are only as good as their associated free-wheeling diodes. At increasing switching frequencies, the proper functioning and efficiency of the power switch, aside from conduction losses, is determined by the turn-off behavior of the diode (characterized by Q_{tr} , I_{HM} and t_{tr} - Fig. 1).

The reverse current characteristic following the peak reverse current I_{HM} is another very important property. The slope of the decaying reverse current di_r/dt results from design parameters; technology and diffusion of the FRED chip Fig. 2. In a circuit this current slope, in conjunction with parasitic inductances (e.g. connecting leads) causes over-voltage spikes and high frequency interference voltages. The higher the di_r/dt ("hard recovery" or "snap-off" behavior) the higher is the resulting additional stress for both the diode and the paralleled switch. A slow decay of the reverse current ("soft recovery" behavior), is the most desirable characteristic, and this is designed into all FRED. The wide range of available blocking voltages makes it possible to apply these FRED as output rectifiers in switch-mode power supplies (SMPS) as well as protective and free-wheeling diodes for power switches in inverters and welding power supplies.

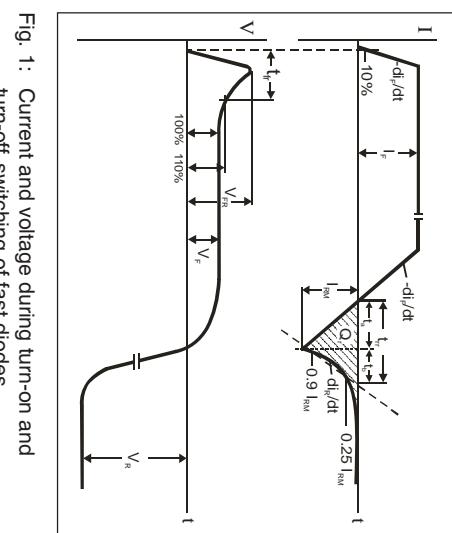


Fig. 1: Current and voltage during turn-on and turn-off switching of fast diodes

Rectifier Diode and Thyristor Chips

The figures 3 a-c show cross sectional views of the diode and thyristor chips in the passivation area. All diode and thyristor chips (DWN, DWFN, CWP) are fabricated using separation diffusion processes so that all junctions terminate on the topside of the chip. Now the entire bottom surfaces of all chips are available for soldering onto a DCB or other ceramic substrate without a molybdenum strain buffer. The elimination of the strain buffer and its solder joint reduces thermal resistance and increases blocking voltage stability. The junction termination areas are passivated with glass, whose thermal expansion coefficient matches that of silicon. All silicon chips increasingly use planar technology with guard rings and channel stoppers to reduce electric fields on the chip surface.

The contact areas of the chips have vapor deposited metal layers which contribute substantially to their high power cycle capability. All chips are processed on silicon wafers of 5" diameter and diced after a wafer sample test which automatically marks chips not meeting the electrical specification. The chip geometry is square or rectangular.

Fig. 3a-c

Cross sections of Chips in the passivation area

- Diode chip, type DWN, DWFN
- Diode chip, type DWP, DWFP
- Thyristor chip, type CWP

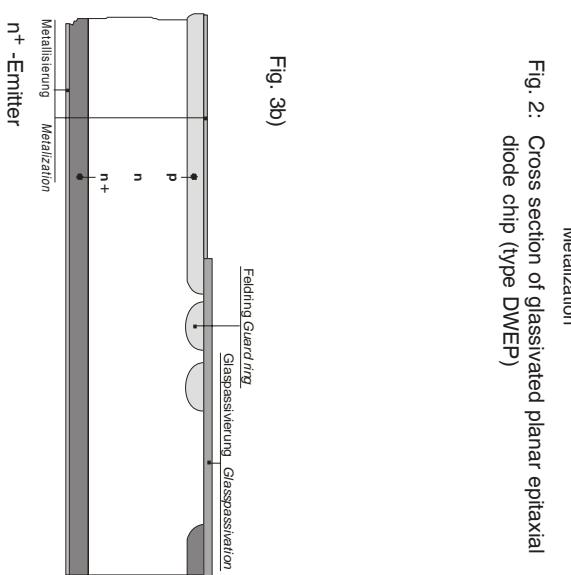


Fig. 3b)

Fig. 2: Cross section of glasspassivated planar epitaxial diode chip (type DWEP)

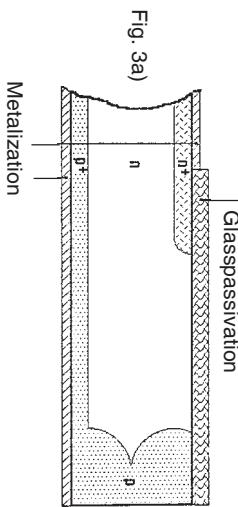


Fig. 3a)

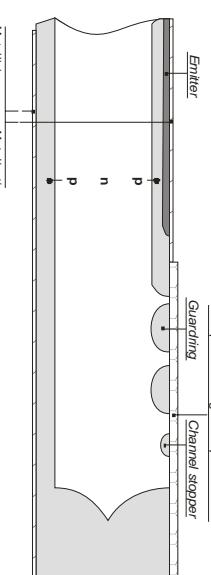


Fig. 3c)

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors

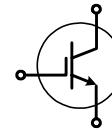
GenX3 IGBTs 600V A3-Series

Type $T_{JM} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	V_{CES} V	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ V	@ I_c A	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet	
					mm	mils			
High Gain	IXGD28N60A3-45	600	1.5	20	IX45	5.00 x 4.00	197 x 157	10 mil x 3	IXGH28N60A3
	IXGD36N60A3-55		1.4	20	IX55	6.00 x 4.00	236 x 157	15 mil x 3	IXGH36N60A3
	IXGD48N60A3-56		1.3	20	IX56	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	15 mil x 3	IXGH48N60A3
	IXGD56N60A3-65		1.3	20	IX65	6.30 x 6.30	248 x 248	15 mil x 4	IXGH56N60A3
	IXGD64N60A3-75		1.3	20	IX75	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	15 mil x 3	IXGH64N60A3
	IXGD72N60A3-76		1.3	20	IX76	8.90 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXGH72N60A3
	IXGD90N60A3-85		1.3	20	IX85	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXGH90N60A3
	IXGD120N60A3-86		1.3	20	IX86	13.98 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXGK120N60A3
	IXGD360N60A3-97		1.3	20	IX97	15.81 x 12.5	622 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXGN360N60A3

600V B3-Series

Low Gain	IXGD28N60B3-45	600	1.8	20	IX45	5.00 x 4.00	197 x 157	10 mil x 3	IXGH28N60B3
	IXGD36N60B3-55	600	1.8	20	IX55	6.00 x 4.00	236 x 157	15 mil x 3	IXGH36N60B3
	IXGD48N60B3-56	600	1.6	20	IX56	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	15 mil x 3	IXGH48N60B3
	IXGD56N60B3-65	600	1.6	20	IX65	6.30 x 6.30	248 x 248	15 mil x 4	IXGH56N60B3
	IXGD64N60B3-75	600	1.6	20	IX75	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	15 mil x 3	IXGH64N60B3
	IXGD72N60B3-76	600	1.6	20	IX76	8.90 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXGH72N60B3
	IXGD90N60B3-85	600	1.6	20	IX85	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXGH90N60B3
	IXGD120N60B3-86	600	1.6	20	IX86	13.98 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXGK120N60B3
	IXGD200N60B3-97	600	1.6	20	IX97	15.81 x 12.5	622 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXGB200N60B3

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors



G-Series

Type $T_{JM} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	V_{CES} V	$V_{CE(\text{sat})}$ V	@ I_c A	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet	
					mm	mils			
High Gain	IXGD7N60B-2X	600	2.2	7	IX2X	3.17 x 3.17	125 x 125	10 mil x 1	IXGP7N60B
	IXGD7N60C-2X		2.9	7	IX2X	3.17 x 3.17	125 x 125	12 mil x 1	IXGP7N60C
	IXGD16N60B2-3X		2.5	12	IX3X	4.39 x 3.60	173 x 142	12 mil x 1	IXGH16N60B2
	IXGD16N60C2-3X		3.0	12	IX3X	4.39 x 3.60	173 x 142	12 mil x 1	IXGH16N60C2
	IXGD30N60B2-4X		2.0	20	IX4X	5.65 x 4.70	222 x 185	10 mil x 2	IXGH30N60B2
	IXGD30N60C2-4X		2.7	20	IX4X	5.65 x 4.70	222 x 185	10 mil x 2	IXGH30N60C2
	IXGD40N60B2-5Y		1.8	20	IX5Y	6.59 x 6.59	259 x 259	12 mil x 3	IXGH40N60B2
	IXGD40N60C2-5Y		2.5	20	IX5Y	6.59 x 6.59	259 x 259	12 mil x 3	IXGH40N60C2
	IXGD50N60B2-62		2.0	20	IX62	8.65 x 6.52	341 x 257	12 mil x 4	IXGH50N60B2
	IXGD50N60C2-62		2.7	20	IX62	8.65 x 6.52	341 x 257	12 mil x 4	IXGH50N60C2
	IXGD60N60B2-7Y		1.8	20	IX7Y	8.89 x 7.16	350 x 282	12 mil x 4	IXGH60N60B2
	IXGD60N60C2-7Y		2.5	20	IX7Y	8.89 x 7.16	350 x 282	12 mil x 4	IXGH60N60C2
	IXGD120N60B-9X		1.6	20	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXGK120N60B
	IXGD120N60C2-9X		2.5	20	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXGK120N60C2
	IXGD200N60A2-9X		1.35	20	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXGN200N60A2
	IXGD20N120B-4Z	1200	3.4	20	IX4Z	4.30 x 5.20	169 x 205	10 mil x 2	IXGH20N120B
	IXGD28N120B-5Z		3.5	20	IX5Z	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXGH28N120B

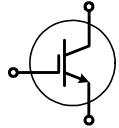
S-Series

Low Gain	IXSD10N60B2-3Z	600	2.7	10	IX3Z	3.60 x 3.60	142 x 142	12 mil x 1	IXSP10N60B2
	IXSD20N60B2-4Z		2.7	16	IX4Z	4.30 x 5.20	169 x 205	10 mil x 2	IXSH20N60B2
	IXSD30N60B2-5Z		2.5	20	IX5Z	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXSH30N60B2

Notes:

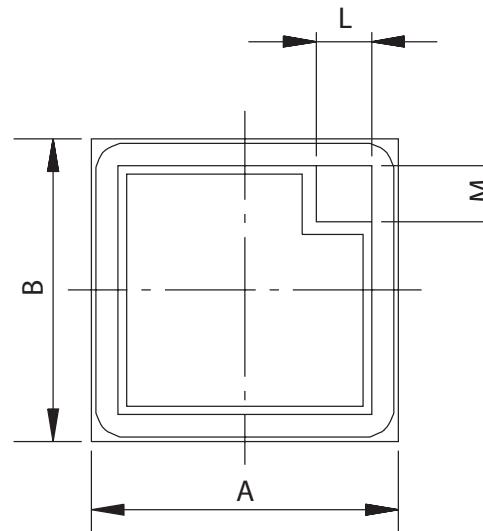
1. Recommended Gate bond wire: 5 mil for chip 2X; 8 mil for chips 3X, 3Z., 4X, 5Y, 5Z, 7Y; 12 mil for chip 9X
2. Dice are tested to V_{sat} limits as indicated. Maximum current 20A is limited by test equipment.
3. Recommended die processing thermal budget 300 deg. C for 5 minutes; maximum temperature should not exceed 360 deg. C
4. This table lists active chips only

IGBT E-Series with improved NPT³ technology

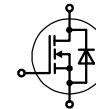


Type	V_{CES} V	T_{VJM} °C	Short Circuit Proof	I_c A	$V_{CE(sat)}$		@ I_c A	E_{on} Inductive Load $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ mJ	E_{off} Inductive Load $T_{VJ} = 125^\circ C$ mJ	@ I_c A	$Q_{g(on)}$ nC	Internal Gate Resistance Ω	bondable	Dimensions				Si thickn. mm
					25°C typ. V	125°C typ. V								A mm	B mm	L mm	M mm	
IXED15N120 ①	1200	150	•	20	2.80	2.75	20	2.8	1.8	20	100	tbd	•	5.7	4.6	1.1	1.1	130 ±20
IXED25N120			•	25	2.00	2.20	25	3.2	2.3	25	195	10	•	6.6	6.5	1.2	1.2	
IXED50N120			•	50	1.90	2.10	50	6.3	4.7	50	470	5	•	9.1	9.0	1.2	1.2	
IXED75N120			•	75	1.90	2.10	75	9.2	7.8	75	710	5	•	11.0	11.0	1.2	1.2	
IXED100N120			•	100	1.90	2.10	100	11.8	10.1	100	985	4	•	12.6	12.6	1.2	1.2	
IXED150N120			•	150	2.15	2.40	150	21.0	15.0	150	1110	3	•	12.0	12.0	1.2	1.2	
IXED75N170	1700		•	75	2.30	2.60	75	25.0	19.0	75	630	5	•	11.9	11.9	1.2	1.2	210 ±15
IXED100N170			•	100	2.30	2.60	100	32.0	27.0	100	880	4	•	13.6	13.6	1.2	1.2	
① Not for new design												Tolerance		±0.05	±0.05	±0.05	±0.05	

- NPT³ is an improved NPT design
- Square RBSOA
- Short circuit rated
- reduced V_{CESat}
- reduced switching losses
- soft switching for good EMC behaviour
- optimized for switching frequencies from 10 kHz up to 25 kHz



HiPerFET™ Power MOSFET



Type	V_{DSS} max. V	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max. Ω	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
				mm	mils		
IXFD180N07-9X IXFD340N07-9Y	70	0.007 0.005	IX9X IX9Y	14.20 x 10.60 15.81 x 14.31	559 x 417 623 x 563	15 mil x 6 12 mil x 12	IXFK180N07 IXFN340N07
IXFD180N085-9X IXFD280N085-9Y	85	0.007 0.005	IX9X IX9Y	14.20 x 10.60 15.81 x 14.31	559 x 417 623 x 563	15 mil x 6 12 mil x 12	IXFK180N085 IXFN280N085
IXFD80N10Q-8X IXFD170N10-9X IXFD230N10-9Y	100	0.018 0.011 0.007	IX8X IX9X IX9Y	12.19 x 7.19 14.20 x 10.60 15.81 x 14.31	480 x 283 559 x 417 623 x 563	15 mil x 4 15 mil x 6 12 mil x 12	IXFH80N10Q IXFK170N10 IXFN230N10
IXFD88N20Q-82 IXFD120N20-9X IXFD180N20-9Y	200	0.035 0.020 0.014	IX82 IX9X IX9Y	12.17 x 7.14 14.20 x 10.60 15.81 x 14.31	479 x 281 559 x 417 623 x 563	15 mil x 4 15 mil x 6 12 mil x 12	IXFH88N20Q IXFK120N20 IXFN180N20
IXFD40N30Q-72 IXFD52N30Q-82 IXFD73N30Q-8Y IXFD90N30-9X IXFD130N30-9Y	300	0.095 0.075 0.050 0.040 0.028	IX72 IX82 IX8Y IX9X IX9Y	8.89 x 7.16 12.17 x 7.14 13.97 x 9.02 14.20 x 10.60 15.81 x 14.31	350 x 282 479 x 281 550 x 355 559 x 417 623 x 563	15 mil x 3 15 mil x 4 12 mil x 6 15 mil x 6 12 mil x 12	IXFH40N30Q IXFH52N30Q IXFK73N30Q IXFK90N30 IXFN130N30

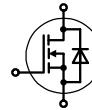
This table lists active chips only. Please contact factory for older designs.

HiPerFET™ Power MOSFETs

The **High Performance MOSFET** family of Power MOSFETs is designed to provide superior dv/dt performance while eliminating the need for discrete, fast recovery "free wheeling diodes" in a broad range of power switching applications.

This class of Power MOSFET uses IXYS' HDMOS process, which improves the ruggedness of the MOSFET while reducing the reverse recovery time of the fast intrinsic diode to 250 ns or less at elevated (150°C) junction temperature. The performance of the fast intrinsic diode is comparable to discrete high voltage diodes and is tailored to minimize power dissipation and stress in the MOSFET.

HiPerFET™ Power MOSFET



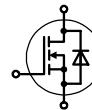
Type	V_{DSS} max. V	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max. Ω	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
IXFD40N50Q-82	500	0.150	IX82	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH40N50Q
IXFD40N50Q2-84		0.150	IX84	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH40N50Q2
IXFD48N50Q-8Y		0.110	IX8Y	13.97 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFK48N50Q
IXFD55N50-9X		0.100	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK55N50
IXFD66N50Q2-94		0.085	IX94	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK66N50Q2
IXFD80N50Q2-95		0.070	IX95	15.81 x 12.50	623 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXFB80N50Q2
IXFD80N50-9Y		0.060	IX9Y	15.81 x 14.31	623 x 563	12 mil x 12	IXFN80N50
IXFD23N60Q-72	600	0.350	IX72	8.89 x 7.16	350 x 282	15 mil x 3	IXFH23N60Q
IXFD30N60Q-82		0.250	IX82	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH30N60Q
IXFD36N60Q-8Y		0.170	IX8Y	13.97 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFK36N60Q
IXFD44N60-9X		0.140	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK44N60
IXFD52N60Q2-94		0.130	IX94	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK52N60Q2
IXFD70N60Q2-95		0.090	IX95	15.81 x 12.50	623 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXFB70N60Q2
IXFD60N60-9Y		0.090	IX9Y	15.81 x 14.31	623 x 563	12 mil x 12	IXFN60N60

This table lists active chips only. Please contact factory for older designs.

HiPerFET™s offer extended dv/dt ruggedness

The HiPerFET™ series of Power MOSFETs have an extended stress capability in applications where the intrinsic "free-wheeling diode" is used. Both static and dynamic dv/dt withstand capability have been improved to offer a significant margin of safety in high stress conditions found in many types of inductive load switching applications.

HiPerFET™ Power MOSFET



Type	V_{DSS} max.	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max.	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
	V	Ω		mm	mils		
IXFD23N80Q-82	800	0.440	IX82	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH23N80Q
IXFD27N80Q-8Y		0.350	IX8Y	13.97 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFK27N80Q
IXFD34N80-9X		0.250	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK34N80
IXFD38N80Q2-94		0.250	IX94	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK38N80Q2
IXFD50N80Q2-95		0.170	IX95	15.81 x 12.50	623 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXFB50N80Q2
IXFD44N80-9Y		0.160	IX9Y	15.81 x 14.31	623 x 563	12 mil x 12	IXFN44N80
IXFD24N90Q-8Y	900	0.500	IX8Y	13.97 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFK24N90Q
IXFD26N90-9X		0.330	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK26N90
IXFD39N90-9Y		0.220	IX9Y	15.81 x 14.31	623 x 563	12 mil x 12	IXFN39N90
IXFD6N100Q-5U	1000	2.000	IX5U	6.81 x 6.74	268 x 265	10 mil x 2	IXFH6N100Q
IXFD10N100-7Y		1.200	IX7Y	8.89 x 7.16	350 x 282	15 mil x 3	IXFH10N100
IXFD14N100Q2-7F		1.000	IX7F	8.89 x 7.16	350 x 282	12 mil x 4	IXFH14N100Q2
IXFD14N100-8X		0.750	IX8X	12.19 x 7.19	480 x 283	15 mil x 4	IXFH14N100
IXFD21N100Q-8Y		0.520	IX8Y	13.97 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFK21N100Q
IXFD21N100F-8F		0.520	IX8F	13.97 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFK21N100F
IXFD24N100-9X		0.420	IX9X	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK24N100
IXFD24N100F-9F		0.420	IX9F	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFK24N100F
IXFD38N100Q2-95		0.280	IX95	15.81 x 12.50	623 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXFB38N100Q2
IXFD36N100-9Y		0.270	IX9Y	15.81 x 14.31	623 x 563	12 mil x 12	IXFN36N100
IXFD3N120-4U	1200	4.500	IX4U	5.77 x 4.96	227 x 195	12 mil x 1	IXFP3N120

This table lists active chips only. Please contact factory for older designs.

'Q - Class' and 'Q2 - Class' HiPerFET™ MOSFETs for Lower Gate Charge and Faster Switching

New 'Q - class' HiPerFET MOSFETs (identified by the suffix letter Q) are the result of a revolutionary new chip design, which decreases the MOSFET's total gate charge Q_g and the Miller capacitance C_{rss} , while maintaining the ruggedness and fast switching intrinsic diode of the company's current HiPerFET product line. The result is a MOSFET with dramatically improved switching efficiencies and thus enabling higher frequency operation and smaller power supplies.

The newer 'Q2-Class' line combines the low gate charge advantages of Q-Class with a double-metal construction resulting in a new generation of MOSFETs with an intrinsic gate resistance an order of magnitude lower than conventional MOSFETs. The resulting reduction in switching losses allows large MOSFETs to operate up satisfactorily up to the multi-megahertz region.

PolarHT™ MOSFET



Type	V_{DSS} max. V	$R_{DS(on)}$ max. $m\Omega$	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
				mm	mils		
IXTD110N055P-5S	55	21	IX5S	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXTP 110N055P
IXTD75N10P-5S	100	31	IX5S	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXTP 75N10P
IXTD110N10P-6S		22	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXTQ 110N10P
IXTD140N10P-7S		20	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXTQ 140N10P
IXTD170N10P-8S		15	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXTQ 170N10P
IXTD200N10P-88		15	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXTK 200N10P
IXTD62N15P-5S	150	50	IX5S	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXTP 62N15P
IXTD96N15P-6S		30	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXTQ 96N15P
IXTD120N15P-7S		23	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXTQ 120N15P
IXTD150N15P-8S		21	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXTQ 150N15P
IXTD180N15P-88		20	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXTK 180N15P
IXTD50N20P-5S	200	75	IX5S	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXTP 50N20P
IXTD74N20P-6S		42	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXTQ 74N20P
IXTD96N20P-7S		30	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXTQ 96N20P
IXTD120N20P-8S		28	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXTQ 120N20P4
IXTD140N20P-88		24	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXTK 140N20P
IXTD42N25P-5S	250	100	IX5S	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXTP 42N25P
IXTD64N25P-6S		60	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXTQ 64N25P
IXTD82N25P-7S		40	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXTQ 82N25P
IXTD100N25P-8S		34	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXTQ 100N25P
IXTD120N25P-88		30	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXTK 120N25P
IXTD36N30P-5S	300	135	IX5S	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 3	IXTP 36N30P
IXTD52N30P-6S		82	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXTQ 52N30P
IXTD69N30P-7S		60	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXTQ 69N30P
IXTD88N30P-8S		50	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXTQ 88N30P
IXTD102N30P-88		40	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXTK 102N30P

This table lists active chips only. Please contact factory for older designs.

PolarHT™ MOSFETs for very low $R_{DS(on)}$

PolarHT™ MOSFETs feature a proprietary cell design and processing that has resulted in a MOSFET with a 30% reduction in $R_{DS(on)}$ per unit area along with a decrease in gate charge. IXYS has also reduced the wafer thickness, which substantially reduces thermal resistance. The combination of lower $R_{DS(on)}$, lower gate charge and higher power dissipation capability has resulted in a new family of MOSFETs, which will increase the cost effectiveness in SMPS applications. IXYS will also introduce HiPerFET versions in which the t_{rr} of the body diode is reduced to make them suitable for phase-shift bridges, motor control and Uninterruptible Power Supply applications.

Polar HT™ HiPerFET Power MOSFET

Type	V_{DSS} max. V	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max. mΩ	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
IXFD110N10P-6S	100	0.015	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXFH110N10P
IXFD140N10P-7S		0.011	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH140N10P
IXFD170N10P-8S		0.009	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXFH170N10P
IXFD200N10P-88		0.0075	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXFK200N10P
IXFD96N15P-6S	150	0.024	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXFH96N15P
IXFD120N15P-7S		0.017	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH120N15P
IXFD150N15P-8S		0.013	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXFH150N15P
IXFD180N15P-88		0.011	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXFK180N15P
IXFD74N20P-6S	200	0.034	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXFH74N20P
IXFD96N20P-7S		0.024	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH96N20P
IXFD120N20P-8S		0.022	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXFH120N20P
IXFD140N20P-88		0.018	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXFK140N20P
IXFD100N25P-8S	250	0.027	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXFH100N25P
IXFD120N25P-88		0.024	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXFK120N25P
IXFD52N30P-6S	300	0.066	IX6S	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	12 mil x 4	IXFH52N30P
IXFD69N30P-7S		0.049	IX7S	8.9 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH69N30P
IXFD88N30P-8S		0.04	IX8S	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	12 mil x 6	IXFH88N30P
IXFD102N30P-88		0.033	IX88	13.34 x 7.14	525 x 281	15 mil x 6	IXFK102N30P
IXFD12N50P-4J	500	0.5	IX4J	5.00 x 5.00	197 x 197	12 mil x 2	IXFP12N50P
IXFD16N50P-5J		0.4	IX5J	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 2	IXFP16N50P
IXFD22N50P-63		0.27	IX63	6.30 x 6.30	248 x 248	12 mil x 4	IXFH22N50P
IXFD26N50P-6J		0.23	IX6J	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	15 mil x 2	IXFH26N50P
IXFD30N50P-67		0.2	IX67	8.65 x 6.52	341 x 257	12 mil x 4	IXFH30N50P
IXFD36N50P-7J		0.17	IX7J	8.91 x 7.15	351 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXFH36N50P
IXFD44N50P-8J		0.14	IX8J	11.13 x 7.15	438 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH44N50P
IXFD64N50P-9J		0.085	IX9J	10.60 x 10.60	417 x 417	12 mil x 6	IXFK64N50P
IXFD80N50P-93		0.065	IX93	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	12 mil x 6	IXFK80N50P

This table lists active chips only. Please contact factory for older designs.

Polar HV™ HiPerFET Power MOSFET

Type	V_{DSS} max. V	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max. mΩ	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
				mm	mils		
IXFD10N60P-4J	600	0.74	IX4J	5.00 x 5.00	197 x 197	12 mil x 2	IXFP10N60P
IXFD14N60P-5J		0.55	IX5J	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 2	IXFH14N60P
IXFD18N60P-63		0.4	IX63	6.30 x 6.30	248 x 248	12 mil x 4	IXFH18N60P
IXFD22N60P-6J		0.33	IX6J	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	15 mil x 2	IXFH22N60P
IXFD26N60P-67		0.27	IX67	8.65 x 6.52	341 x 257	12 mil x 4	IXFH26N60P
IXFD30N60P-7J		0.24	IX7J	8.91 x 7.15	351 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXFH30N60P
IXFD36N60P-8J		0.19	IX8J	11.13 x 7.15	438 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH36N60P
IXFD48N60P-9J		0.14	IX9J	10.60 x 10.60	417 x 417	12 mil x 6	IXFK48N60P
IXFD64N60P-93		0.1	IX93	14.20 x 10.60	559 x 417	12 mil x 6	IXFK64N60P
IXFD7N80P-4J	800	1.44	IX4J	5.00 x 5.00	197 x 197	12 mil x 2	IXFP7N80P
IXFD10N80P-5J		1.1	IX5J	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 2	IXFP10N80P
IXFD12N80P-63		0.85	IX63	6.30 x 6.30	248 x 248	12 mil x 4	IXFH12N80P
IXFD14N80P-6J		0.72	IX6J	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	15 mil x 2	IXFH14N80P
IXFD16N80P-67		0.6	IX67	8.65 x 6.52	341 x 257	12 mil x 4	IXFH16N80P
IXFD20N80P-7J		0.5	IX7J	8.90 x 7.14	351 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXFH20N80P
IXFD24N80P-8J		0.4	IX8J	11.12 x 7.14	438 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH24N80P
IXFD32N80P-9J		0.27	IX9J	10.6 x 10.6	417 x 417	12 mil x 6	IXFN32N80P
IXFD44N80P-93		0.19	IX93	14.2 x 10.6	559 x 417	12 mil x 6	IXFN44N80P
IXFD60N80P-9S		0.14	IX9S	15.81 x 12.5	622 x 492	12 mil x 8	IXFN60N80P
IXFD15N100P-76	1000	0.76	IX76	8.90 x 7.14	351 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXFH15N100P
IXFD20N100P-85		0.57	IX85	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXFH20N100P
IXFD26N100P-86		0.39	IX86	13.98 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFK26N100P
IXFD32N100P-96		0.32	IX96	14.2 x 10.6	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFN32N100P
IXFD44N100P-97		0.22	IX97	15.81 x 12.5	622 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXFN44N100P
IXFD38N100P-99		0.21	IX99	15.81 x 14.31	622 x 563	15 mil x 6	IXFN38N100P
IXFD16N120P-85	1200	0.95	IX85	12.17 x 7.14	479 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXFH16N120P
IXFD20N120P-86		0.57	IX86	13.98 x 9.02	550 x 355	12 mil x 6	IXFN20N120P
IXFD26N120P-96		0.46	IX96	14.2 x 10.6	559 x 417	15 mil x 6	IXFN26N120P
IXFD30N120P-97		0.35	IX97	15.81 x 12.5	622 x 492	15 mil x 6	IXFB30N120P
IXFD32N120P-99		0.31	IX99	15.81 x 14.31	622 x 563	15 mil x 6	IXFN32N120P

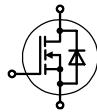
This table lists active chips only. Please contact factory for older designs.

PolarHV™ Power MOSFET

Type	V_{DSS} max.	$R_{DS(ON)}$ max.	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
				mm	mils		
IXTD1R6N50P-11	500	6	IX11	1.91 x 1.91	75 x 75	10 mil x 1	IXTP1R6N50P
IXTD2R4N50P-1J		3.5	IX1J	2.29 x 2.29	90 x 90	10 mil x 1	IXTP2R4N50P
IXTD3N50P-2J		2.5	IX2J	2.79 x 2.79	110 x 110	12 mil x 1	IXTP3N50P
IXTD5N50P-23		1.3	IX23	3.69 x 2.79	153 x 110	12 mil x 1	IXTP5N50P
IXTD6N50P-3J		1	IX3J	3.60 x 3.60	142 x 142	15 mil x 1	IXTP6N50P
IXTD8N50P-37		0.8	IX37	4.20 x 4.20	165 x 165	15 mil x 1	IXTP8N50P
IXTD12N50P-4J		0.5	IX4J	5.00 x 5.00	197 x 197	12 mil x 2	IXTP12N50P
IXTD16N50P-5J		0.4	IX5J	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 2	IXTP16N50P
IXTD22N50P-63		0.27	IX63	6.30 x 6.30	248 x 248	12 mil x 4	IXTQ22N50P
IXTD26N50P-6J		0.23	IX6J	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	15 mil x 2	IXTQ26N50P
IXTD30N50P-67		0.2	IX67	8.65 x 6.52	341 x 257	12 mil x 4	IXTQ30N50P
IXTD36N50P-7J		0.17	IX7J	8.91 x 7.15	351 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXTH36N50P
IXTD44N50P-8J		0.14	IX8J	11.13 x 7.15	438 x 281	15 mil x 4	IXTQ44N50P
IXTD1R4N60P-11	600	9	IX11	1.91 x 1.91	75 x 75	10 mil x 1	IXTP1R4N60P
IXTD2N60P-1J		4.7	IX1J	2.29 x 2.29	90 x 90	10 mil x 1	IXTP2N60P
IXTD3N60P-2J		2.8	IX2J	2.79 x 2.79	110 x 110	12 mil x 1	IXTP3N60P
IXTD4N60P-23		1.9	IX23	3.69 x 2.79	153 x 110	12 mil x 1	IXTP4N60P
IXTD5N60P-3J		1.6	IX3J	3.60 x 3.60	142 x 142	15 mil x 1	IXTP5N60P
IXTD7N60P-37		1.1	IX37	4.20 x 4.20	165 x 165	15 mil x 1	IXTP7N60P
IXTD10N60P-4J		10	IX4J	5.00 x 5.00	197 x 197	12 mil x 2	IXTP10N60P
IXTD14N60P-5J		0.55	IX5J	6.20 x 5.20	244 x 205	12 mil x 2	IXTQ14N60P
IXTD18N60P-63		0.42	IX63	6.30 x 6.30	248 x 248	12 mil x 4	IXTQ18N60P
IXTD22N60P-6J		0.35	IX6J	6.86 x 6.86	270 x 270	15 mil x 2	IXTQ22N60P
IXTD26N60P-67		0.23	IX67	8.65 x 6.52	341 x 257	12 mil x 4	IXTH26N60P
IXTD30N60P-7J		0.24	IX7J	8.91 x 7.15	351 x 281	12 mil x 4	IXTH30N60P
IXTD2N80P-2J	800	6	IX2J	2.79 x 2.79	110 x 110	12 mil x 1	IXTP2N80P
IXTD4N80P-3J		4	IX3J	3.60 x 3.60	142 x 142	15 mil x 1	IXTP4N80P
IXTD08N100P-1A	1000	20	IX1A	2.29 x 2.29	90 x 90	10 mil x 1	IXTP08N100P
IXTD1N100P-1C		15	IX1C	2.54 x 2.54	100 x 100	10 mil x 1	IXTP1N100P
IXTD1R4N100P-2A		11	IX2A	2.79 x 2.79	110 x 110	10 mil x 1	IXTP1R4N100P
IXTD2N100P-2C		7.5	IX2C	3.89 x 2.79	153 x 110	12 mil x 1	IXTP2N100P
IXTD3N100P-3C		4.8	IX3C	4.39 x 3.6	173 x 142	12 mil x 2	IXTP3N100P
IXTD06N120P-1A	1200	32	IX1A	2.29 x 2.29	90 x 90	10 mil x 1	IXTP06N120P
IXTD08N120P-1C		25	IX1C	2.54 x 2.54	100 x 100	10 mil x 1	IXTP08N120P
IXTD1N120P-2A		20	IX2A	2.79 x 2.79	110 x 110	10 mil x 1	IXTP1N120P
IXTD1R4N120P-2C		13	IX2C	3.89 x 2.79	153 x 110	12 mil x 1	IXTP1R4N120P
IXTD2R4N120P-3C		7.5	IX3C	4.39 x 3.6	173 x 142	12 mil x 2	IXTP2R4N120P

This table lists active chips only. Please contact factory for older designs.

N-Channel Depletion Mode MOSFET

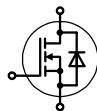


Type	V_{DSS} max. V	$R_{DS(on)}$ max. Ω	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
				mm	mils		
IXTD02N50D-1M	500	30	IX1M	1.96 x 1.68	77 x 66	3 mil x 1	IXTP02N50D
IXTD01N100D-1M	1000	110	IX1M	1.96 x 1.68	77 x 66	3 mil x 1	IXTP01N100D

Depletion Mode MOSFETs

Depletion mode MOSFETs, unlike the regular enhancement type MOSFETs, requires a negative gate bias to turn it off. Consequently they remain on at or above zero gate bias voltage but otherwise have similar MOSFET characteristics. Their $R_{DS(on)}$ and breakdown voltage have a positive temperature coefficient, increasing the gate bias voltage increases the gate channel conductivity and so decreases $R_{DS(on)}$ to some extent and there is a usable intrinsic diode. IXYS Corporation's IXTP01N100D is a depletion mode MOSFET rated at $V_{DSS} = 1000$ Volts and $I_D = 100$ mA and its $R_{DS(on)} = 110$ Ohms at $V_{GS} = 0$ Volt. The other depletion mode MOSFET, IXTP02N05D, is rated at $V_{DSS} = 500$ Volts, $I_D = 200$ mA, while its $R_{DS(on)} = 30$ Ohms. The minimum required gate bias to turn them off is -5 Volts. They are both housed in TO-220 package and can dissipate 25 Watts at $T_c = 25^\circ\text{C}$.

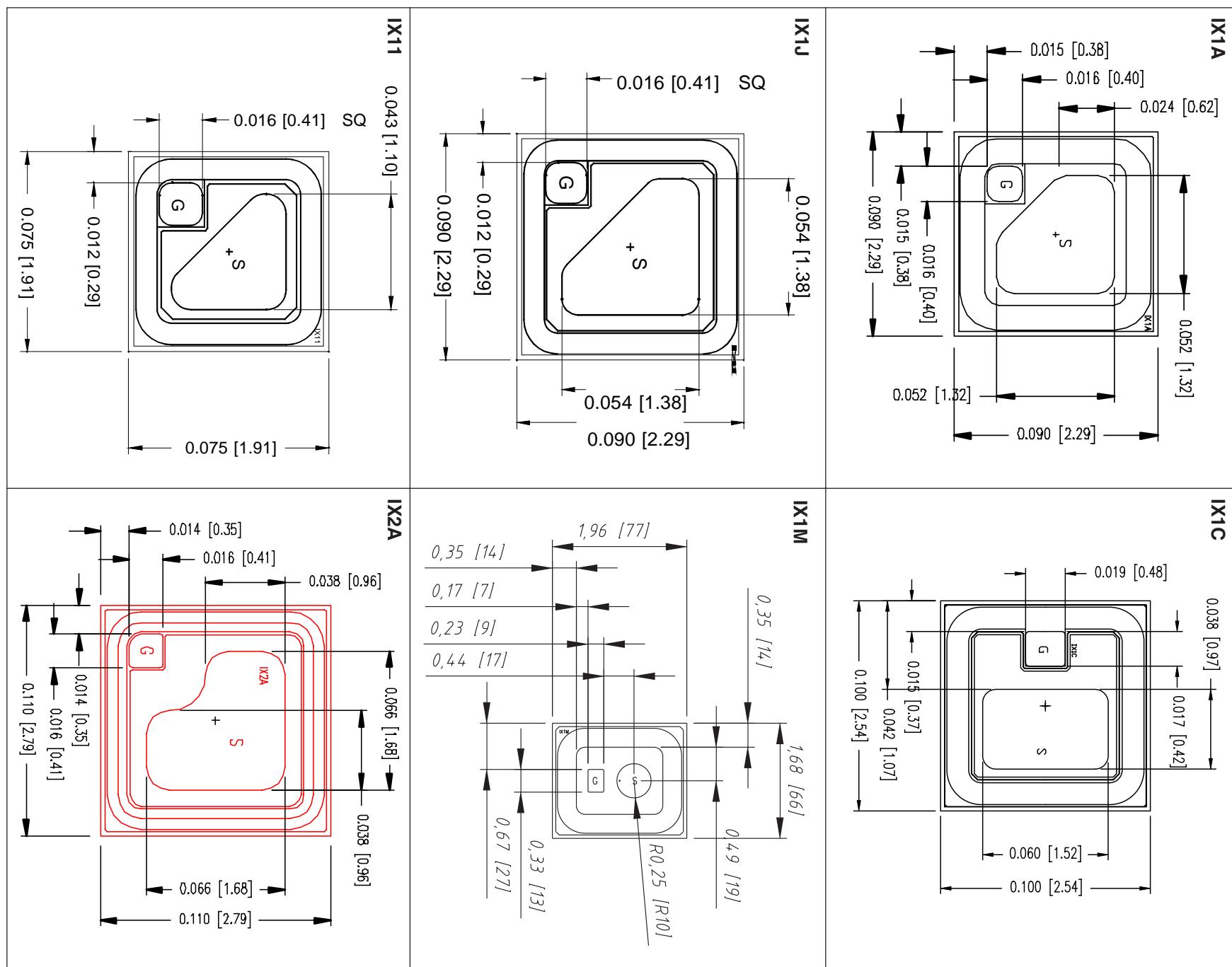
P-Channel Power MOSFET

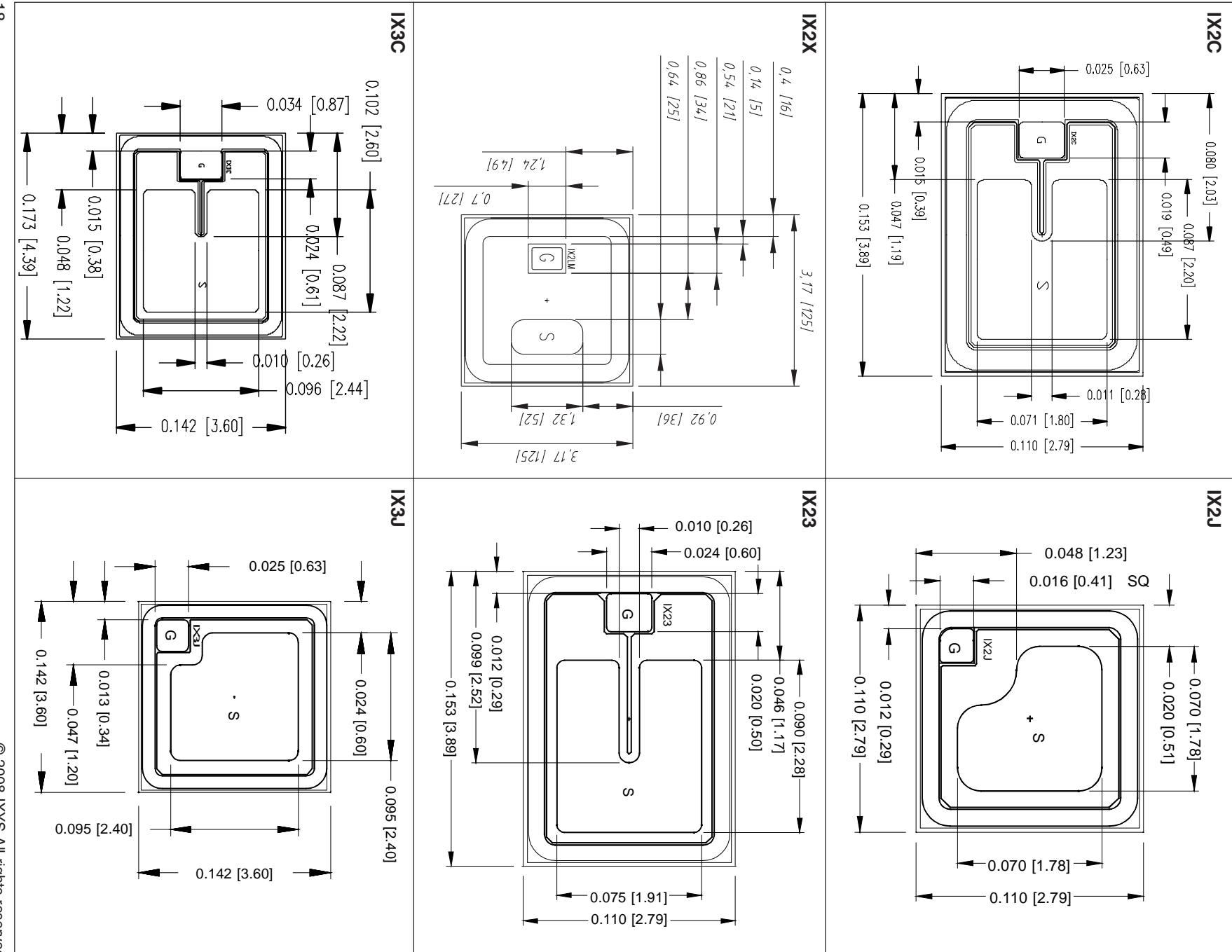


Type	V_{DSS} max. V	$R_{DS(on)}$ max. Ω	Chip type	Chip Size dimensions		Source - bond wire recommended	Equivalent device data sheet
				mm	mils		
IXTD36P10-5B IXTD50P10-7B	100	0.08 0.06	IX5B IX7B	6.59 x 6.59 8.84 x 7.18	259 x 259 348 x 283	12 mil x 3 15 mil x 3	IXTH36P10 IXTH50P10
IXTD16P20-5B IXTD24P20-7B	200	0.22 0.16	IX5B IX7B	6.59 x 6.59 8.84 x 7.18	259 x 259 348 x 283	12 mil x 3 15 mil x 3	IXTH16P20 IXTH24P20
IXTD8P50-5B IXTD11P50-7B IXTD10P60-7B	500	1.20 0.75 1.05	IX5B IX7B IX7B	6.59 x 6.59 8.84 x 7.18 8.84 x 7.18	259 x 259 348 x 283 348 x 283	12 mil x 3 15 mil x 3 15 mil x 3	IXTH7P50 IXTH11P50 IXTH10P60

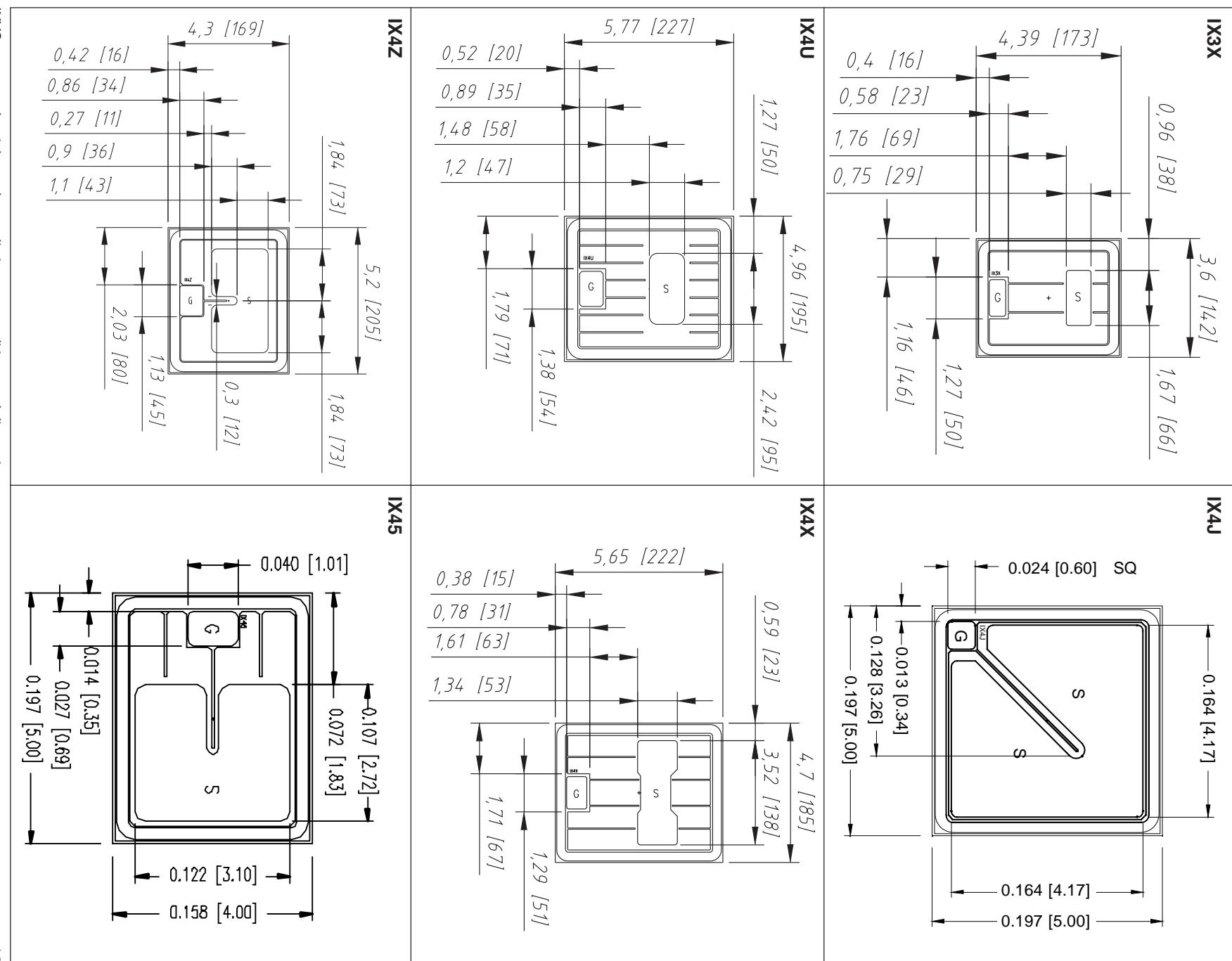
There are many applications in which IXTP01N100D and IXTP02N05D can be used: current regulators, off-line linear regulators, input transient voltage suppressors, input current inrush

Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)

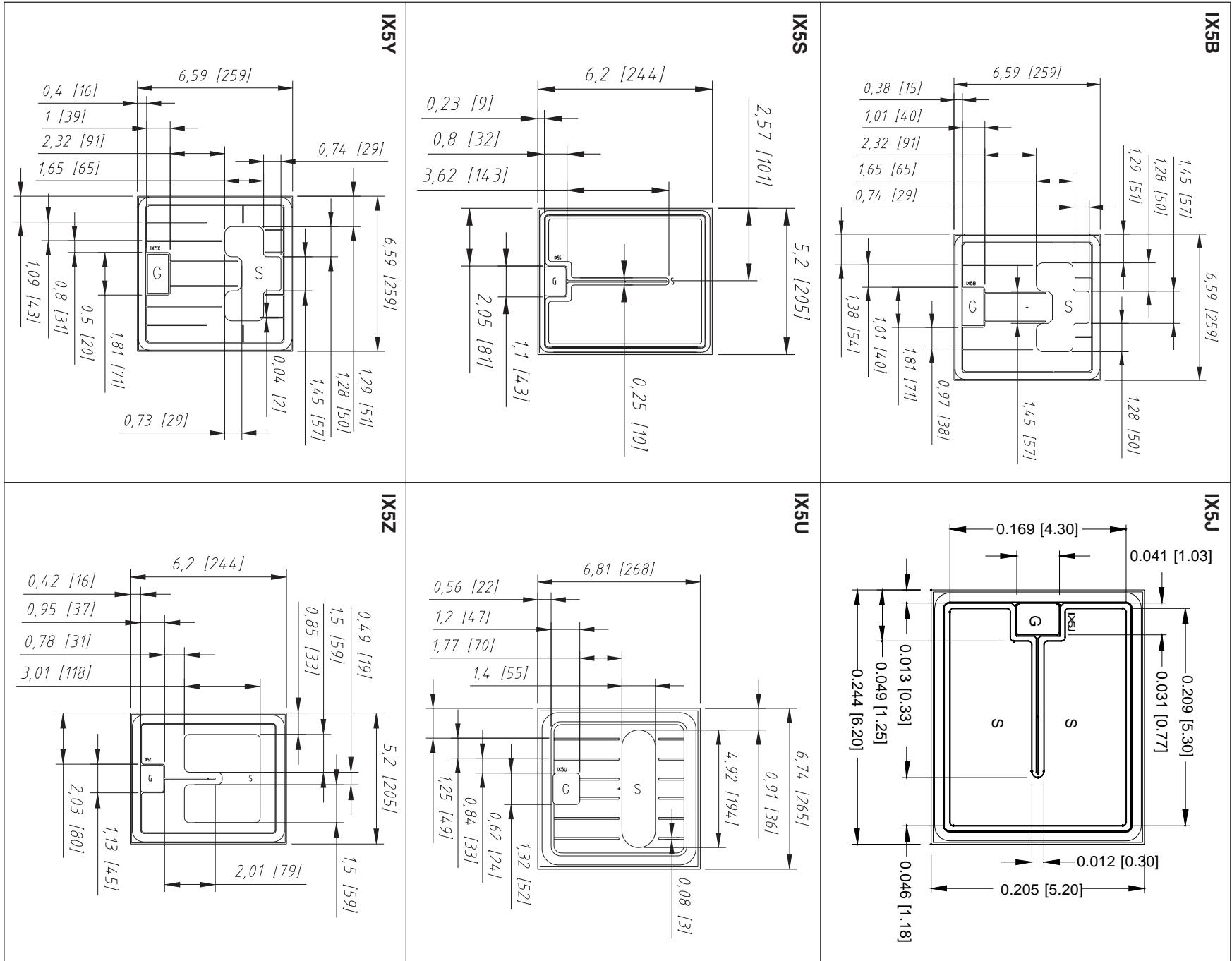




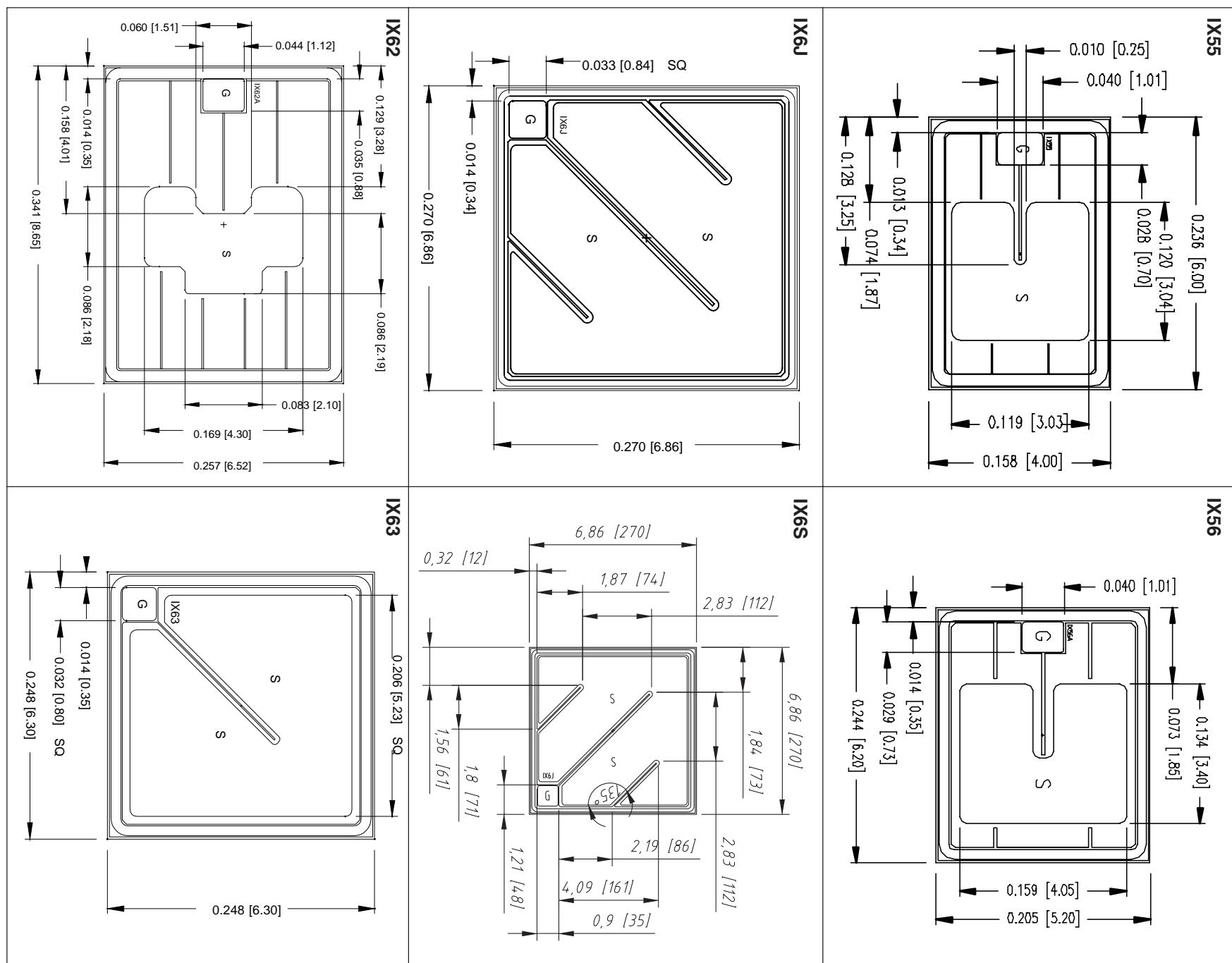
Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



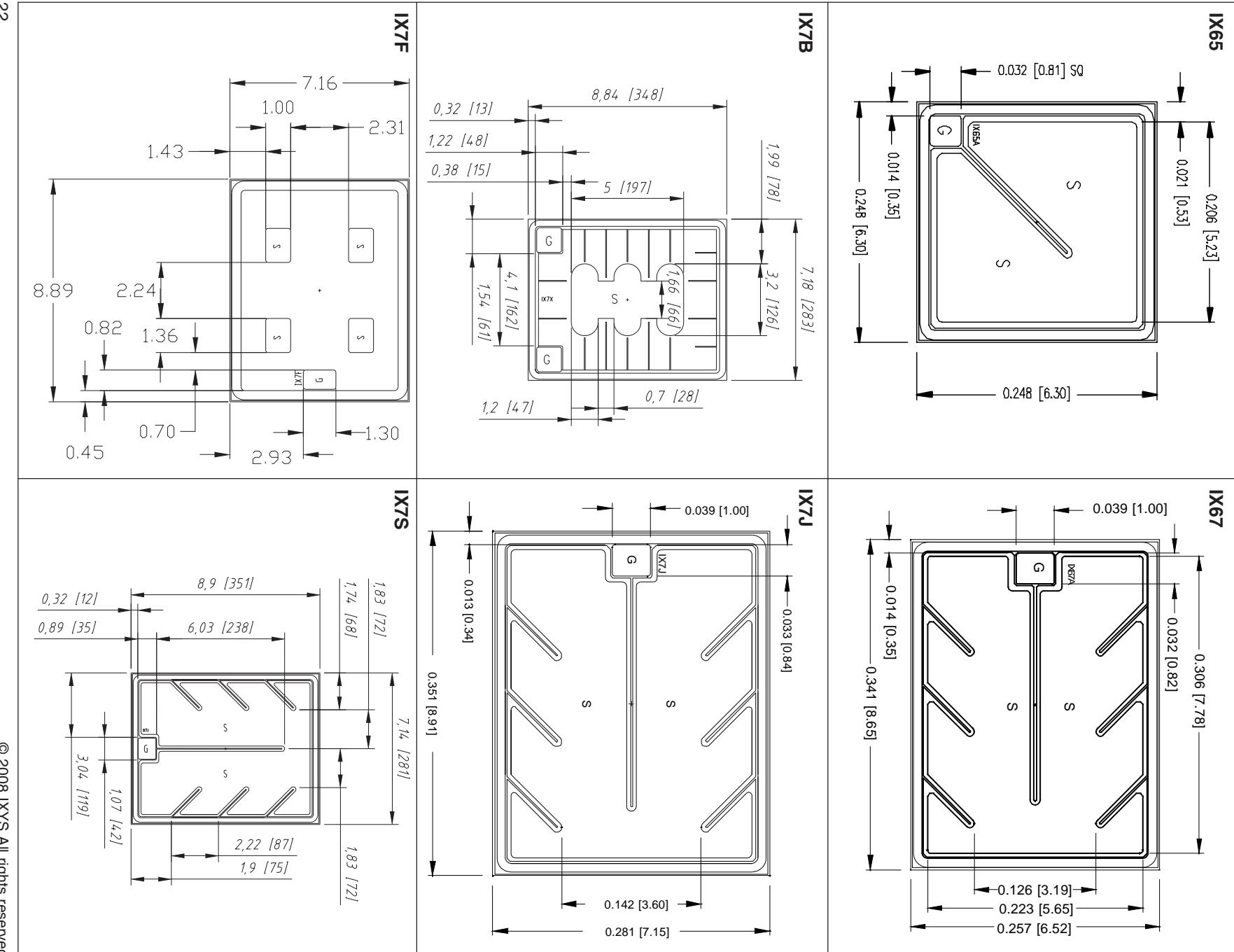
Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



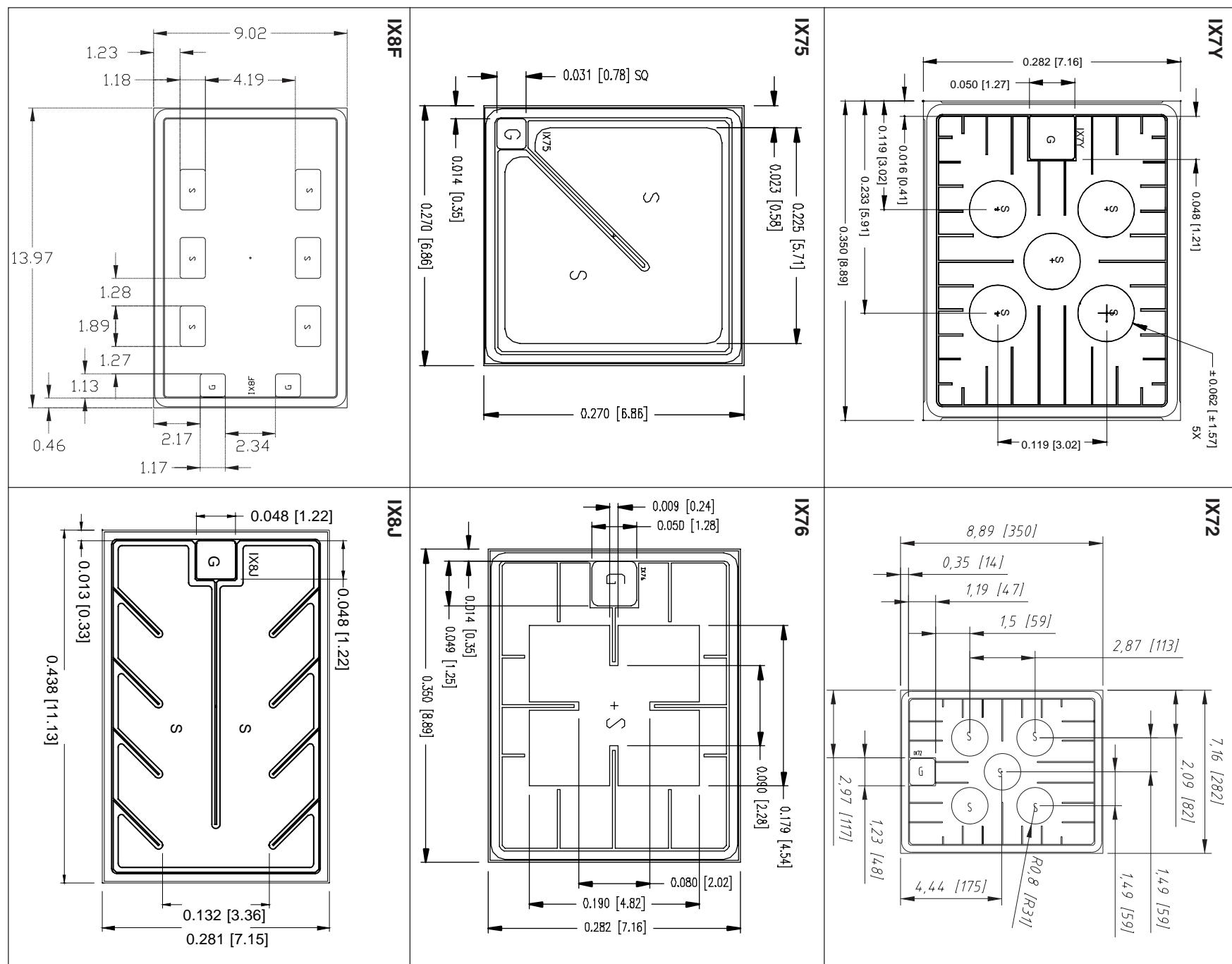
Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



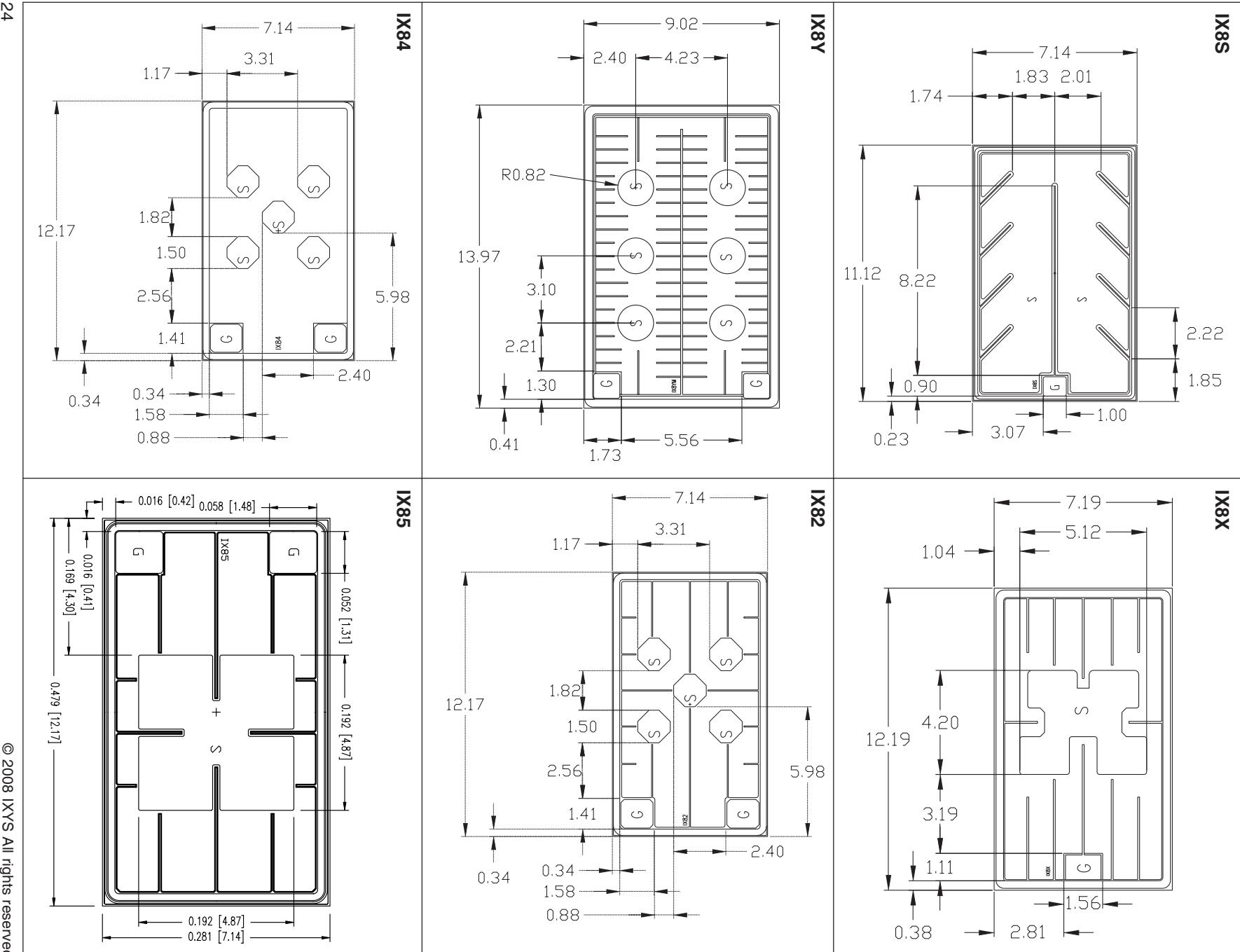
Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



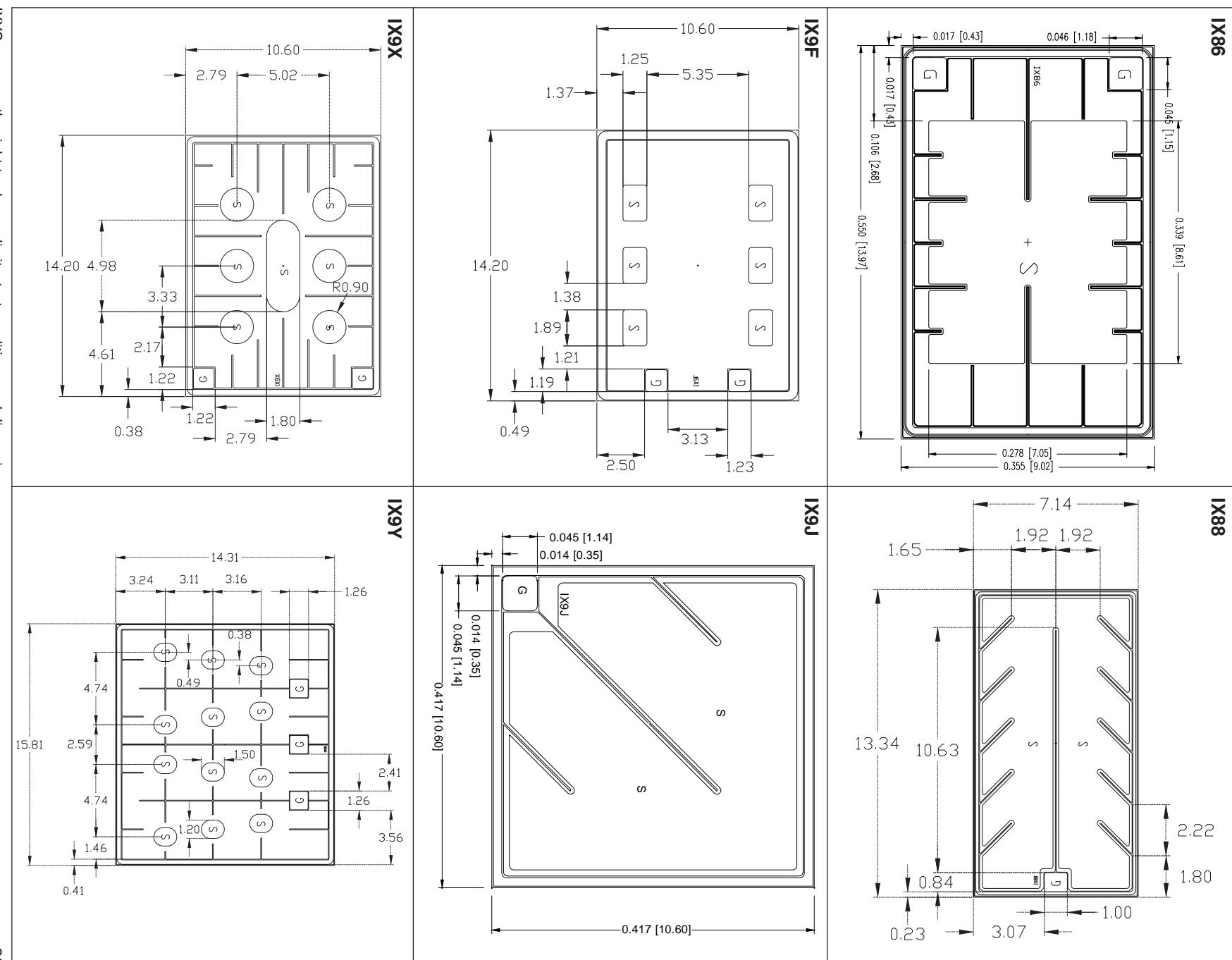
Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



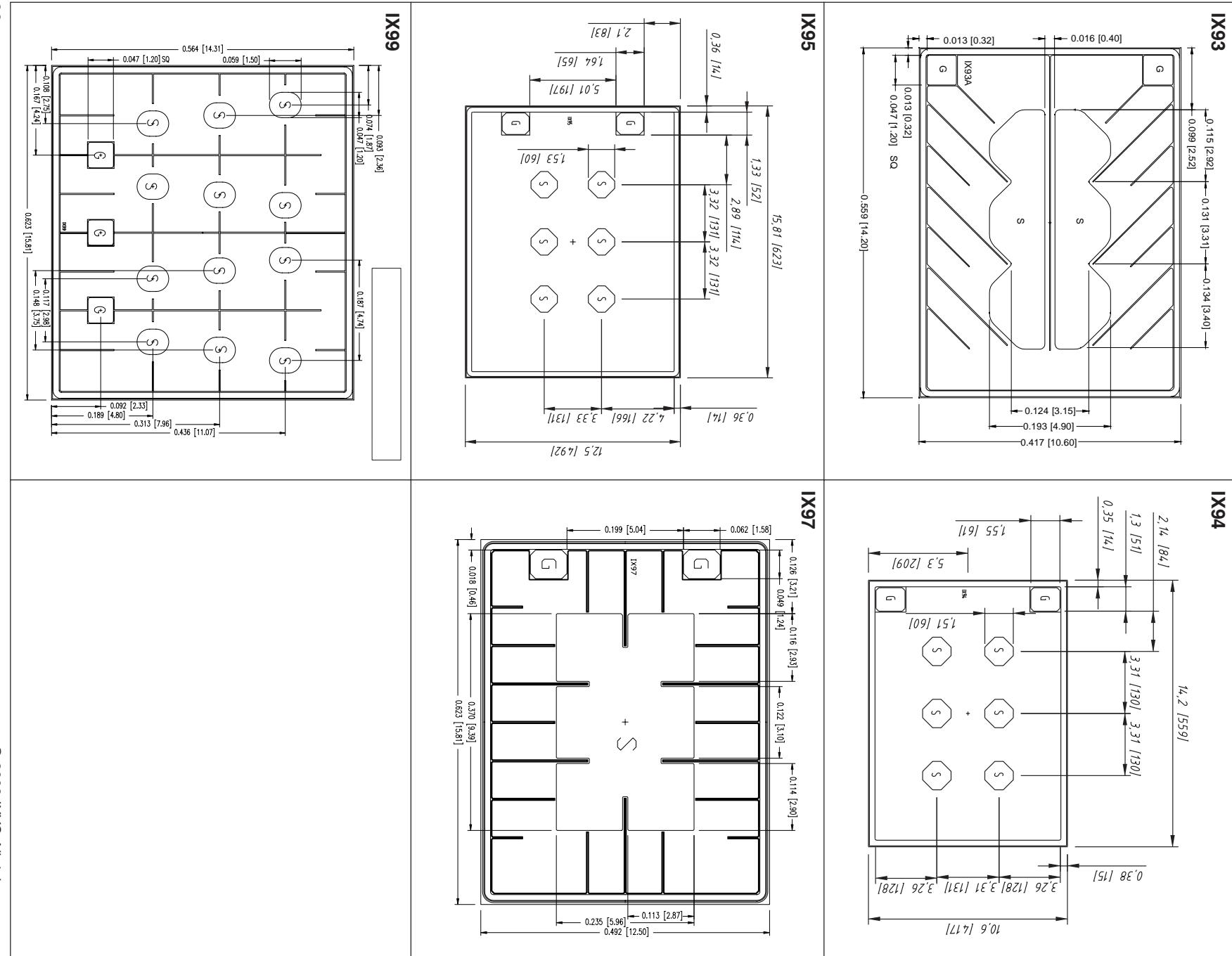
Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



Dimensions in inch and [mm] (1" = 25.4 mm)



Rectifier Diodes

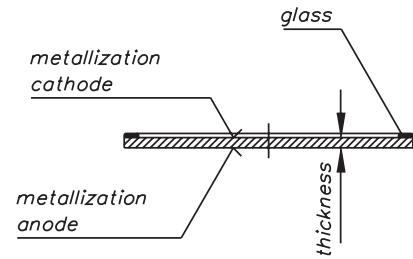
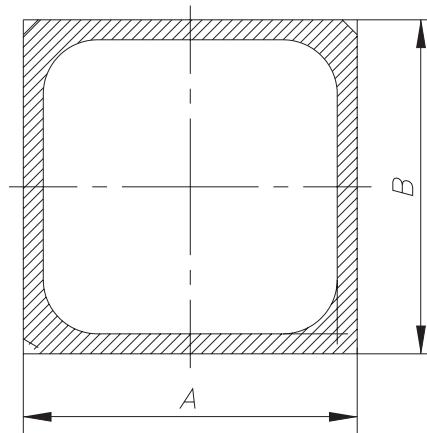


Type	V_{RRM} V	I_R V_{RRM} typ. mA	T_{VJM} °C	$I_{F(AV)M}$ rect. d=0.5 $T_c=100^\circ C$	R_{thJC} ① typ. K/W	V_F			I_{FSM} A	Reverse Recovery		
						25°C V	$T_{VJ} =$ 125°C V	@ I_F A		I_{RM} 25°C; $V_R=100V$ A	@ I_F A	@ $-di/dt$ A/μs
DWN5	800 - 1200	0.7 0.7	150	12 12	2.80 2.80	1.14 1.14	1.05 1.05	7 7	140 140	tbd tbd	tbd tbd	tbd
DWP5												
DWN2	1200 - 1800	0.7 1.0		12 20	2.80 1.80	1.13 1.30	1.05 1.26	7 30	150 300	tbd tbd	tbd tbd	tbd
DWN9				31	1.10	1.36	1.35	50	320			
DWN17		1.5		31	1.10	1.39	1.37	50	320			
DWP17		1.5		31	0.90	1.35	1.33	80	500			
DWN21		3.0		42	0.90	1.37	1.36	80	500			
DWP21		3.0		41	0.90	1.25	1.20	80	630			
DWN35		1.5		59	0.65	1.25	1.22	80	11	50	0.64	
DWP35		1.5		58	0.65	1.25	1.22	80	630			
DWN50		2.0		78	0.50	1.33	1.31	150	900	12	50	1
DWP50		2.0		76	0.50	1.34	1.33	150	900	12	50	1
DWN75		2.0		115	0.33	1.27	1.23	200	1500	24	50	3
DWP75		2.0		118	0.35	1.28	1.25	200	1500	24	50	3
DWN110		3.5		253	0.16	1.18	1.12	300	3200	45	50	6
DWP110		3.5		253	0.16	1.19	1.12	300	3200	45	50	6
DWN340		15.0		416	0.10	0.93	1.09	300	5900	235	300	50
DWN108	1600 - 2200	3.5 20.0		253 788	0.16 0.05	1.19 1.10	1.12 1.01	300 600	3200 10500	45 275	50 400	6 50
DWN347												

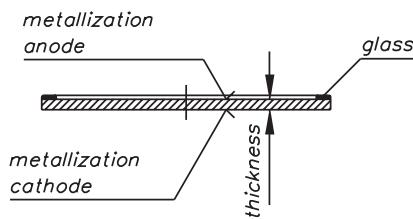
① Mounted on DCB

Rectifier Diodes

Type	solderable	bondable	Chips per Wafer	Dimensions		Si-thickn.
				A mm	B mm	mm
DWN5		•	1123	4.40	2.10	0.265
DWP5		•	1123	4.40	2.10	0.265
DWN2	•	•	1204	2.95	2.95	0.265
DWN9	•	•	684	3.90	3.90	0.265
DWN17	•	•	518	4.45	4.45	0.265
DWP17	•	•	518	4.45	4.45	0.265
DWN21	•	•	346	5.40	5.40	0.265
DWP21	•	•	346	5.40	5.40	0.265
DWN35	•	•	259	6.20	6.20	0.265
DWP35	•	•	259	6.20	6.20	0.265
DWN50	•	•	198	7.10	7.10	0.265
DWP50	•	•	198	7.10	7.10	0.265
DWN75	•	•	125	8.70	8.70	0.265
DWP75	•	•	125	8.70	8.70	0.265
DWN110	•	•	58	12.30	12.30	0.265
DWP110	•	•	58	12.30	12.30	0.265
DWN340	•	•	32	16.20	16.20	0.265
DWN108	•	•	58	12.30	12.30	0.315
DWN347	•	•	16	25.30	18.50	0.315
Tolerance				-0.1	-0.1	±5%



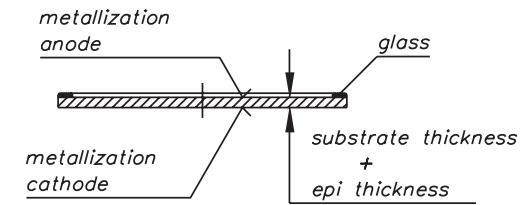
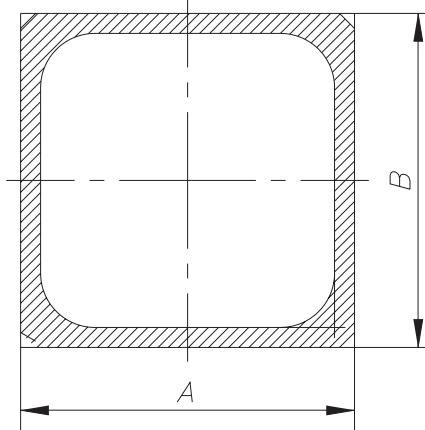
DWN



DWP

FRED - Fast Recovery Epitaxial Diodes

Type	solderable	bonderable	Chips per Wafer	Dimensions		Si-thickn.
				A mm	B mm	mm
DWEP27-02		•	518	4.45	4.45	0.35
DWEP37-02		•	257	6.20	6.20	0.35
DWEP77-02	•	•	151	8.91	7.22	0.35
DWEP8-06		•	1612	3.60	1.80	0.35
DWEP12-06	•	•	1851	2.40	2.40	0.35
DWEP15-06	•	•	990	3.25	3.25	0.35
DWEP23-06	•	•	531	5.50	3.50	0.35
DWEP25-06	•	•	518	4.45	4.45	0.35
DWEP35-06	•	•	257	6.20	6.20	0.35
DWEP55-06	•	•	230	8.65	4.95	0.35
DWEP75-06	•	•	151	8.91	7.22	0.35
DWEP3-10		•	1612	3.60	1.80	0.35
DWEP10-10		•	990	3.25	3.25	0.35
DWEP18-10		•	531	5.50	3.50	0.35
DWEP20-10		•	518	4.45	4.45	0.35
DWEP30-10	•	•	257	6.20	6.20	0.35
DWEP50-10	•	•	230	8.65	4.95	0.35
DWEP70-10	•	•	151	8.91	7.22	0.35
DWEP6-12		•	1851	2.40	2.40	0.35
DWEP9-12	•	•	990	3.25	3.25	0.35
DWEP17-12	•	•	531	5.50	3.50	0.35
DWEP19-12	•	•	518	4.45	4.45	0.35
DWEP29-12	•	•	257	6.20	6.20	0.35
DWEP49-12	•	•	230	8.65	4.95	0.35
DWEP69-12	•	•	151	8.91	7.22	0.35
Tolerance				-0.1	-0.1	±5%

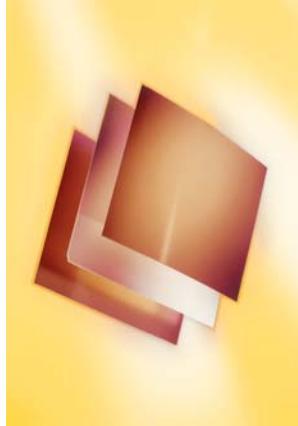


What is DCB

DCB stands for **D**irect **C**opper **B**onding and denotes a process in which copper and a ceramic material are fused together, at high temperatures.

IXYS has developed this particular process in which two layers of copper are directly bonded to an aluminum-oxide or aluminum-nitride ceramic base. Since 1981 our power modules have been designed with DCB substrates. The DCB process yields a thin base and eliminates the need for thick, heavy copper bases that were used in the past. Because modules with DCB bases use fewer layers, they have much lower thermal resistance values and much better power cycling capabilities.

Our power technology allows us to produce DCB ceramic plates in large quantities. The dimensions of our standard sheet are 138 x 190.5 mm, (or 5,5" x 7,5").



Starting materials for DCB ceramic substrates are 0.3 mm thick copper foils, shown on both sides, top and bottom of the ceramic base plate.



Both sides of the finished DCB ceramic substrate are copper. Standard dimensions are **138 x 190.5 mm** (usable area is 130 x 180 mm). A finished DCB part is typically nickel plated.

Properties of DCB ceramic substrates:

- High mechanical strength and mechanically stability
- Good adhesion and corrosion resistance
- Excellent electrical insulation tested to 2.5 kV(RMS) for 1 minute or more
- Excellent thermal conductivity
- Superb thermal cycling stability
- Matched thermal expansion coefficient to that of silicon and GaAs
- Good heat spreading
- May be etched just like PC boards
- Environmentally friendly

Advantages for the users:

- The 0.3 mm thick copper layer permits the copper pattern to handle high currents.
- The excellent thermal conductivity allows the possibility to place power semiconductor chips in very close proximity. This results in more power per unit of volume and improved reliability of a power system.
- Lighter base plate material than copper base plate.
- High voltage insulation at higher temperature.
- DCB is the basis for the „chip-on-board“ technology which is the packaging trend for the next generation integrated power modules.
- IXYS experience in using DCB in power modules. Wealth of application know-how and support.

DCB Data

Unclad aluminum oxide ceramic

Al_2O_3 content	> 96	%
dimensions	138 x 190.5, 138 x 210, 115 x 165*	mm
usable area	max.	mm
thickness	1.00, 0.63, 0.38, 0.25	mm
arc through voltage	10	kV
thermal conductivity	> 24	W/m · K

Conduction layers - both sides

copper thickness	0.3 ± 0.015 (< 0.3 on request)	mm
conductor width	0.3 ± 0.2	mm
conductor spacing	0.4 ± 0.2	mm
spacing conductor/edge of ceramic	0.35 ± 0.2	mm
surface finishes available	bare copper; nickel plated; nickel + gold plated	

peel-off resistance (DIN 532282)

min.

9

N/mm

DCB ceramic substrate

application temperature range	-55...+850	°C
resistant to hydrogen	max. up to	400
thermal expansion coefficient	typical	7.4×10^{-6}
dimensions according		K ⁻¹
to customer specific drawing		
DCB parts are available as:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • bonded plate • bonded and patterned plate • prelasered, unbroken plate • individual substrates 	

ALN - DCB on request

* = (for 0.25 mm thk.)

US Patent # 6,798,060 "power device and direct aluminum bonded substrate".